

User Manual

SPYGLASS IR3-H2

Flame Detector



Flame Detector USER MANUAL

User manuals in other languages are available on Website https://teledynegasandflamedetection.com



Copyright © february 2023 by Teledyne gas and flame detection

All rights reserved. No reproduction of all or part of this document, in any form, is permitted without the written consent of Teledyne gas and flame detection

All of the information that is provided in this document is accurate to the best of our knowledge.

As a result of continuous research and development, the specifications of this product may be changed without prior notice.

Email: gasandflamedetection@Teledyne.com



Limitation of Liability

- The Company TELEDYNE GAS AND FLAME DETECTION, hereinafter referred to as Teledyne gas and flame detection throughout this document, shall not be held responsible for any damage to the equipment or for any physical injury or death resulting in whole or in part from the inappropriate use or installation of the equipment, non-compliance with any and all instructions, warnings, standards and/or regulations in force.
- No business, person or legal entity may assume responsibility on behalf of Teledyne gas and flame detection, even though they may be involved in the sale of Teledyne gas and flame detection products.
- Teledyne gas and flame detection shall not be responsible for any direct or indirect damage, or any direct or indirect consequence, resulting from the sale and use of any of its products UNLESS SUCH PRODUCTS HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY Teledyne gas and flame detection ACCORDING TO THE APPLICATION.

Ownership clauses

- The drawings, specifications, and information herein contain confidential information that is the property of Teledyne gas and flame detection.
- This information shall not, either in whole or in part, by physical, electronic, or any other means whatsoever, be reproduced, copied, divulged, translated, or used as the basis for the manufacture or sale of Teledyne gas and flame detection equipment, or for any other reason without the prior consent of Teledyne gas and flame detection.

Warning

- This is not a contractual document. In the best interest of its customers and with the aim of improving performance, Teledyne gas and flame detection reserves the right to alter the technical features of its equipment without prior notice.
- **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE THE FIRST USAGE**: these instructions should be read by all persons who have or will have responsibility for the use, maintenance, or repair of the instrument.
- This instrument shall only be deemed to be in conformance with the published performance if used, maintained, and repaired in accordance with the instructions of Teledyne gas and flame detection by Teledyne gas and flame detection personnel or by personnel authorized by Teledyne gas and flame detection.



Flame detector USER MANUAL

Important Information

- The modification of the material and the use of parts of an unspecified origin shall entail the cancellation of any form of warranty.
- The use of the unit has been projected for the applications specified in the technical characteristics. Exceeding the indicated values cannot in any case be authorized.

Warranty

• Under normal conditions of use and on return to the factory, SPYGLASS IR3-H2 carry a 5year warranty, excluding accessories such as tilt mount, weather protection, etc.

Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE directive)



European Union (and EEA) only. This symbol indicates that, in conformity with directive DEEE (2002/96/CE) and according to local regulations, this product may not be discarded together with household waste.

It must be disposed of in a collection area that is set aside for this purpose, for example at a site that is officially designated for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) or a point of exchange for authorized products in the event of the acquisition of a new product of the same type as before.



Table of contents

| 1 (| General Information1 |
|------|----------------------------------|
| 1.1 | User Manual1 |
| 1.2 | Symbols used1 |
| 2 | ntroduction |
| 2.1 | Features |
| 2.2 | Model Number Description4 |
| 2.3 | Internal tests4 |
| 2.4 | Product Overview5 |
| 2.5 | Accessories6 |
| 3 | nstallation |
| 3.1 | General Considerations9 |
| 3.2 | Preparations for Installation11 |
| 3.3 | Required Tools11 |
| 3.4 | Certification Instructions12 |
| 3.5 | Mounting the Tilt Mount13 |
| 3.6 | Mounting the detector13 |
| 3.7 | Electrical Wiring15 |
| 3.8 | Current Output (0-20mA) Wiring17 |
| 3.9 | 4 Wire Relay Connection18 |
| 3.10 | RS-485 Communication Network19 |
| 3.11 | Cabling Recommendations20 |
| 3.12 | 2 Earth/Ground Regime |
| 4 (| Configuration options21 |
| 4.1 | Sensitivity22 |
| 4.2 | Ultra-Fast Detection |
| 4.3 | Alarm Delay22 |
| 4.4 | Alarm Latch22 |



Flame detector USER MANUAL

| 4.5 | Enable Pre-Alarm 0-20mA23 | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| 4.6 | Enable dirty window warning 0-20mA | 23 | | |
| 4.7 | Auxiliary Relay | 23 | | |
| 4.8 | Window Heater | 23 | | |
| 4.9 | Modbus Address | 23 | | |
| 4.10 | Manual BIT – Alarm Output Test (Full loop test) | 24 | | |
| 5 O | peration | 25 | | |
| 5.1 | Output Signals | 25 | | |
| 5.2 | Testing | 26 | | |
| 5.3 | Flame Simulator | 26 | | |
| 6 M | aintenance | 27 | | |
| 6.1 | Cleaning Procedure | 27 | | |
| 7 Tre | oubleshooting | | | |
| 8 Se | ervicing | | | |
| | J | | | |
| | ommunicator Software | | | |
| 9 C | | 33 | | |
| 9 C | ommunicator Software | 33 35 | | |
| 9 Co 10 Sp | ommunicator Software | 33 35 | | |
| 9 Co 10 Sp 10.1 | ommunicator Software Decifications Fire Detection | 33 35 35 35 | | |
| 9 Co 10 Sp 10.1 10.2 10.3 | ommunicator Software Decifications Fire Detection Electrical Specifications | 33 35 35 35 | | |
| 9 Co 10 Sp 10.1 10.2 10.3 | ommunicator Software Decifications Fire Detection Electrical Specifications Outputs | 33 35 35 35 36 37 | | |
| 9 Co 10 Sp 10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4 | ommunicator Software Decifications Fire Detection Electrical Specifications Outputs Mechanical Specifications | | | |
| 9 Control 10 10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4 10.5 | ommunicator Software Decifications Fire Detection Electrical Specifications Outputs Mechanical Specifications Environmental Specifications | 33 35 35 36 37 37 37 38 | | |
| 9 Control 10 Sp 10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4 10.5 10.6 | ommunicator Software Decifications Fire Detection Electrical Specifications Outputs Mechanical Specifications Environmental Specifications Product Labeling | 33 35 35 36 37 37 37 37 38 41 | | |
| 9 Column 10 10 Sp 10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4 10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 | ommunicator Software Decifications Fire Detection Electrical Specifications Outputs Mechanical Specifications Environmental Specifications Product Labeling Approvals | 33 35 35 36 37 37 37 38 41 41 | | |
| 9 Column 10 10 Sp 10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4 10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 | ommunicator Software Decifications Fire Detection Electrical Specifications Outputs Mechanical Specifications Environmental Specifications Product Labeling Approvals Electromagnetic Compatibility | 33 35 35 35 36 37 37 37 38 41 41 41 | | |
| 9 Contract 10 Sp 10.1 10.2 10.3 10.4 10.5 10.6 10.7 10.8 | ommunicator Software Decifications Fire Detection Electrical Specifications Outputs Mechanical Specifications Environmental Specifications Product Labeling Approvals Electromagnetic Compatibility | 33 35 35 35 36 37 37 37 38 41 41 41 43 43 | | |

Flame detector USER MANUAL

| 13 | Appendix A 49 | 9 |
|----|---------------|---|
|----|---------------|---|



Flame detector USER MANUAL

List of Figures

| Figure 1 : Front view of the Spyglass SG50-F-IR3-H2 | 5 |
|---|----|
| Figure 2 : Rear view of the Spyglass SG50-F- IR3-H2 | 5 |
| Figure 3 : Tilt Mount | 6 |
| Figure 4 : Weather Cover | 6 |
| Figure 5 : Pole Mount | 7 |
| Figure 6 : Air Shield | 7 |
| Figure 7 : Flame Simulator kit | 8 |
| Figure 8 : Flame Simulator front view | 8 |
| Figure 9 : - Horizontal field of view | 10 |
| Figure 10 : Vertical field of view | 10 |
| Figure 11 : Tilt Mount Base - Plate View | 13 |
| Figure 12 : Tilt mount base – Side View | 13 |
| Figure 13 : Detector on Tilt mount – Side view | 14 |
| Figure 14 : Terminal View | 15 |
| Figure 15 : Source 4-Wire Scheme | 17 |
| Figure 16 : Sink 4-Wire Scheme | 17 |
| Figure 17 : Source 3-Wire Scheme | 18 |
| Figure 18 : Sink 3-Wire Scheme | 18 |
| Figure 19 : 4 Wire Relay Connection | 19 |
| Figure 20 : RS-485 Networking | 19 |

List of Tables

| table 1 : Terminal Connections | 16 |
|--|----|
| table 2 : Detector Configuration Options | |
| table 3 : Sensitivity Levels | |
| table 4 : Output Signal | |
| table 5 : Common Troubleshooting Suggestions | |
| table 6 : Detector Status 0-20mA output | |
| table 7 : IR3-H2 Sensitivity (Extreme) | 43 |
| table 8 : IR3 Sensitivity (Medium) | 43 |
| table 9 : IR3-H2 Sensitivity (Low) | 44 |
| table 10 : IR3-H2 Sensitivity (Very low) | 44 |
| table 11 : False Alarm Immunity (IR3-H2) | 45 |
| table 12 : Ordering Information | 47 |



1 General Information



WARNING: ALL INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE OR WILL HAVE RESPONSIBILITY FOR USING, MAINTAINING, OR SERVICING THIS PRODUCT MUST READ THIS ENTIRE MANUAL CAREFULLY. FAILURE TO USE THIS EQUIPMENT PROPERLY COULD RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH.

1.1 User Manual

The instructions given in this manual must be read thoroughly before installation and start-up, particularly those concerning the points related to the safety of the end-user. This user manual must be made available to every person involved in the activation, use, maintenance, and repair of the unit.

The information, technical data, and diagrams contained in this manual are based on the information that is available at a given time. In case of doubt, contact Teledyne gas and flame detection for additional information.

The aim of this manual is to supply simple and accurate information to the user. Teledyne gas and flame detection cannot be held liable for any misinterpretations in the reading of this manual. In spite of our efforts to produce an error-free manual, it may nonetheless contain some unintentional technical inaccuracies.

In the client's interest, Teledyne gas and flame detection reserves the right to modify the technical characteristics of its equipment to increase their performance without prior notice.

The present instructions and their content are the inalienable property of Teledyne gas and flame detection.

1.2 Symbols used

 Icon
 Significance

 This icon and text designate information of special note.



Flame detector USER MANUAL

| is symbol indicates: Irth ground connection. |
|--|
| rth ground connection. |
| |
| is symbol denotes: Protective earth terminal. A cable of the adequate diameter must connected to ground and to the terminal having this symbol. |
| is symbol denotes: Attention! In the present mode of use, failure to adhere to the structions preceded by this symbol can result in a risk of electric shock and/or death. |
| is symbol indicates: Failure to follow instructions may result in damage to or incorrect peration of the device. |
| ropean Union (and EEA) only. This symbol indicates that this product must not be scarded with household waste, as per the EEA directive (2002/96/EC) and your on national regulations. This product must be disposed of at a collection point that is served for this purpose, for example, an official site for the collection of electrical id electronic equipment (EEE) in view of their recycling, or a point of exchange for thorized products that is accessible when you acquire a new product of the same be. |
| is icon and text indicate the possibility of electrostatic discharge (ESD) in a ocedure that requires the reader to take the proper ESD precautions. |
| arning: This icon and text indicate a potentially hazardous situation, which, if not oided, could result in death or injury |
| |



2 Introduction

The Spyglass-IR3-H2 (SG50-F-IR3) will detect hydrogen and other "energy transition" fires quickly allowing actions to be initiated to minimize the extend of the fire. The detector addresses slow growing fires as well as fast eruptions of fire using improved IR3 technology. The detector operates in all weather and light conditions.

These features, along with a built-in event logger, provide additional means to study the cause and development of fire events.

The detector is certified for use in hazardous area locations; it may also be used in other areas not classified as hazardous. The two cable/conduit entries either side of the lower part of the detector housing are for connecting power and outputs to associated signaling equipment.

During normal operation, the flame detector performs self-tests of its optics, electronics and software. These include a periodic BIT (Built-In-Test) in which the sensors and window cleanliness are tested.

2.1 Features

- High sensitivity up to 100ft (30m).
- Ultra-fast detection mode detection within 40 milliseconds for fireballs or explosions.
- Detection of "energy transition" flames, like hydrogen, methane, syngas, and methanol.
- Extreme sensitivity: Up to 100 ft. (30m) for a 32" plume, 1.5secs response
- Option: Improved speed of response for standard fires (0.5s) for enclosed spare protection, like spray paint booths or printing presses.
- Built-in-Test (BIT) Automatic and manual self-test of window cleanliness and detector operation.
- Window heater to avoid condensation and icing.
- Tilt mounting bracket for accurate detector positioning.

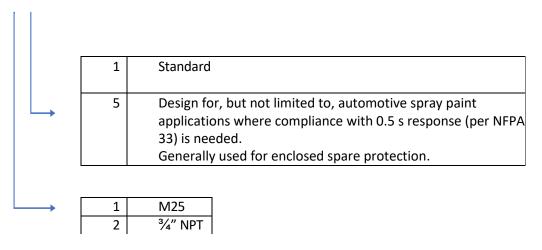


Flame detector USER MANUAL

2.2 Model Number Description

Model No are defined as follows:

SG50-F-IR3-H2 - ASXX



2.2.1 Enhanced performance options

Option 5: Design for, but not limited to, enclosed space protection like automotive spray paint applications where compliance with 0.5s response (per NFPA 33) is needed

2.3 Internal tests

During normal operation, the flame detector performs self-tests of its optics, electronics and software. These include a periodic BIT (Built-In-Test) in which the sensors and window cleanliness are tested. Any detected fault is indicated as shown in Table 4 (in section 5). During "Dirty Window" fault the detection sensitivity is significantly reduced, while "Fault" refers to critical faults which totally prevent flame detection



2.4 Product Overview



Figure 1 : Front view of the Spyglass SG50-F-IR3-H2



Figure 2 : Rear view of the Spyglass SG50-F- IR3-H2



Flame detector USER MANUAL

2.5 Accessories

2.5.1 Mounting Bracket

The detector should be mounted using the stainless-steel tilt mount part number SP-F-TILTMOUNT-SS1. This allows the detector to be securely attached to a wall, pole or other solid surface using appropriate fixings. See section 3.5 and 3.6 for further details.



Figure 3 : Tilt Mount

2.5.2 Weather Cover

The weather cover P/N SP-F-WEATHERCOVER-1 protect the detector from extreme weather conditions such heat, rain and snow



Figure 4 : Weather Cover





2.5.3 Pole mount

The pole mount enables the detectors to be installed with its tilt mount brackets. The pole mount kit we supply are suitable for 2-inch or 3- inch poles. Part number SP-F-POLEMOUNT-23.



Figure 5 : Pole Mount

2.5.4 Air shield

The air shield P/N SP-F-AIRSHIELD-1 allows installation of flame detectors in harsh weather conditions where they may be exposed to dust, sand, and other particulate matter. The connection point can be mounted in the 3, 9 or 12 o'clock locations.

- Air pressure source: Clean, dry, and oil-free air
- Pressure: 2-3 bar /30-45 psi
- Fitting: 7/16"-20UNF-2A
- Operation temperature: -55°C to +85°C / -67°F to +185°F



Figure 6 : Air Shield



Flame detector USER MANUAL

2.5.5 Flame Simulator

The Spyglass IR3-H2 may be tested using the SP-F-SIM-IR3-H2. The Spyglass flame simulator family provides a fast and convenient means of periodically testing the detector and control system end-to-end. Maintenance costs can be reduced as the detectors can be tested in situ without needing a hot work permit.



Figure 7 : Flame Simulator kit

Flame Simulators emit IR radiation which simulates a fire to the detectors. The simulators are lightweight, easy to use, with testing distances of up to 21.3 ft. (6.5m) and capable of more than 1000 activations between battery charging. Spyglass Flame Simulators are ATEX approved for use in hazardous Zone 1, Zone 2, Zone 21, Zone 22 areas.

Each simulator kit contains a carrying case, simulator, carrying strap, battery charger, user manual, Allen key and a tool for removing the simulator rear cover.



Figure 8 : Flame Simulator front view



3 Installation

This chapter does not attempt to cover all of the standard practices and codes of installation. Rather, it emphasizes specific points of consideration and provides some general rules for qualified personnel. You must always observe special safety precautions.

3.1 General Considerations



This section includes important information

- To help obtain optimal performance, the detector should be aimed toward the center of the hazard or area to be monitored and protected ("detection zone") and have, to the extent that is required, an unobstructed view of the protected area. Whenever possible, the detector face should be tilted (aimed) down at an angle to prevent the accumulation of dust and dirt.
- Do not start an installation until the performance target, system configuration, installation location and coverage considerations have been defined by the responsible person.

To ensure optimal performance the following guidelines should be addressed:

Sensitivity

To determine the sensitivity level, the following issues should be considered:

- The size of the fire to be detected at the determined distance.
- The type of flammable fuel.
- Potential sources of false alarms that may be present (e.g., naked flames, hot process).

Spacing and Location

Consider the following factors when determining the number of detectors and their locations in the protected area:

- The size and shape of the protected area
- The nature of the hazards, including materials stored or used and the protected objects
- The sensitivity of the detectors
- If there are any obstructed lines of sight
- The field of view of the detectors (See Figure 9 and Figure 10)



Flame detector USER MANUAL

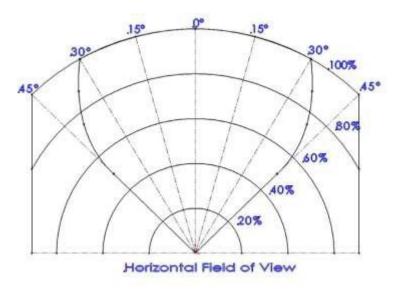


Figure 9 : - Horizontal field of view

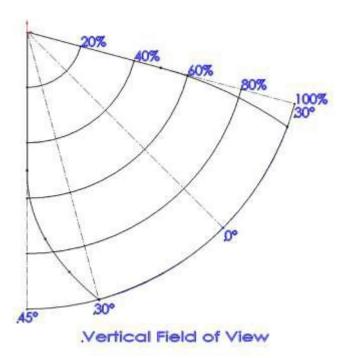


Figure 10 : Vertical field of view

Environment

• Environmental conditions including but not limited to dust, snow or rain can reduce the detectors sensitivity and require additional consideration.



Hot Work

- Arc welding should not be performed within 15 ft. (5m) of the detector. It is recommended that the system be inhibited during welding operations in situations where the possibility of a false alarm cannot be tolerated.
- Gas welding requires a system inhibit, since the gas torch is an actual fire.
- Arc welding rods can contain organic binder materials in the flux that burn during the welding operation and are detectable by the device.
- Welding rods with clay binders do not burn and should not be detected. However, a system inhibit is always recommended, since the material being welded may be contaminated with organic substances (paint, oil, etc.) that will burn and may be of the size that should be detected

3.2 Preparations for Installation

The installation must comply with national and local regulations and standards applicable to flame detectors (e.g., NFPA 72) and all local and common engineering practices. It is recommended to consult with the authority having jurisdiction.

Prior to installation:

- Make sure that you have all the components and tools required to complete the detector installation readily available before beginning installation. In cases where you cannot complete the installation in a single session, secure and seal the detectors and conduits before leaving site.
- Use color-coded conductors or suitable wire markings or labels for the wiring. You may use 14 to 17 AWG (2.5mm2 to 1.0mm2) multi-strand wires for the site wiring. The selection of wire gauge should be based on the number of detectors used on the same line and the distance from the control unit, in compliance with specifications.
- Individually screen twisted pair cable is recommended for RS485 terminals.
- Use suitably rating wire for the application certification and temperatures.

3.3 Required Tools

The detector can be installed using the following tools:

| Tool | Function |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Hex. KEY 6 mm | Vertical alignment |
| Hex. KEY 10 mm | Horizontal alignment |
| Wrench 13 mm | Mounting the detector |
| Flat Screwdriver 6 mm | Ground screw connection |
| Flat screwdriver 3.5mm | Terminal connection |



Flame detector USER MANUAL

3.4 Certification Instructions



- Do not open the detector, even when isolated, when flammable atmosphere present.
- The equipment may be used in hazardous areas with flammable gases and vapors with apparatus groups IIC, IIB and IIA and with temperature classes T1, T2, T3, T4 and T5. See details of the explosion proof approvals in section 10.6.
- The equipment is certified for use in ambient temperatures in the range of -67°F to +167°F (-55°C to +75°C) or -67°F to +185°F (-55°C to +85°C) and should not be used in temperatures outside this range.
- Installation shall be carried out in accordance with the applicable code of practice by suitably trained personnel.
- Inspection and maintenance of this equipment shall be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with the applicable code of practice.
- If the equipment is likely to come into contact with corrosive and/or other harsh substances, consult with the relevant technical persons to take suitable precautions to prevent the detector from being adversely affected, thus ensuring that the type of protection is not compromised.
- Harsh substances: For example, acidic liquids, gases, or solvents that may attack the windows, metals, seals or polymeric materials.
- Suitable precautions: For example, regular checks as part of routine inspections or establishing from the material's data sheet that it is resistant to specific chemicals.

Specific conditions for use



- The equipment is not intended to be repaired by the user. Repair of this equipment shall be carried out by the manufacturer in accordance with the applicable code of practice.
- The flame paths are not intended for repair. Contact the manufacturer if the flame paths are damaged.
- Consult the manufacturer for genuine replacement cover and housing to connection box fasteners. M6x1x18 Hexagonal Socket head fasteners with a minimum of ISO 4762 Grade A4 Class 80 are acceptable alternatives.
- One suitably certified stopping plug is supplied with the detector.
- The external earthing connection consists of cable lug with M5x10 stainless steel screw, the terminals is suitable for connection of a wire of at least 4mm2 / 12AWG.
- The internal terminals are suitable for connection of a wire equal to or greater than the power input wiring and at a minimum of 1mm2 / 17AWG conductor.

3.5 Mounting the Tilt Mount

The tilt mount enables the detector to be rotated up to 45 degrees (horizontal/vertical) in all directions. The following installation instructions show how to use it to support the detector from below (the preferred method).

To install the tilt mount:

a) Mount the tilt mount base (Figure 11) to a solid structure using four suitable fixings through the four 7mm (0.28") diameter holes. Four captive screws with spring washers are provided in the tilt mount.

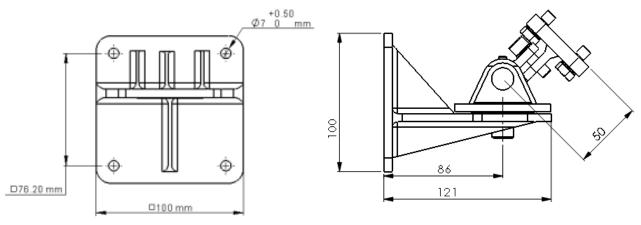


Figure 11 : Tilt Mount Base - Plate View

Figure 12 : Tilt mount base – Side View

3.6 Mounting the detector

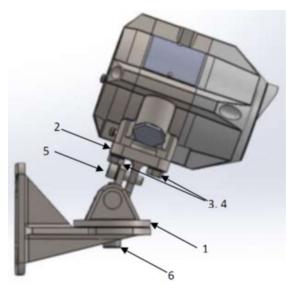
Use the following steps to connect the detector to the tilt mount, referring to Figure 13:

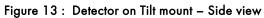
- a) Place the detector, with its cable/conduit entries pointing down, on the holding plate of the tilt mount (item 2, Figure 13).
- b) Secure the detector to the plate using the two hex screws and spring lock washers (items 3 and 4).
- c) Loosen the locking screws (Items 5 and 6, Figure 13) in such a way that enables you to rotate the detector.
- d) Point the detector towards the detection area and make certain that the view of the area is unobstructed.
- e) Secure the detector in that position by tightening the locking screws (Items 5 and 6) on the tilt mount. (Make sure the detector is pointing in the correct direction).

The detector is now correctly mounted, aligned and ready for electrical connection. Please refer to section 3.7 for wiring instructions, and section 4 for a description of the detector's configuration settings.



Flame detector USER MANUAL





| ltem N°. | ltem name |
|----------|---|
| 1 | Tilt mount assembly |
| 2 | Holding plate |
| 3,4 | Mounting hex screws M8 and lock washers |
| 5 | HEX socket locking screw M8 |
| 6 | HEX socket locking screw M12 |



3.7 Electrical Wiring

- The sensor module in the front half of the detector contains no serviceable components and should never be opened. Opening will invalidate the warranty of the detector. The terminal compartment at the back is the only part of the housing that should be opened by the user.
 - The detector has 16 screw terminals as shown in the following figure and table:

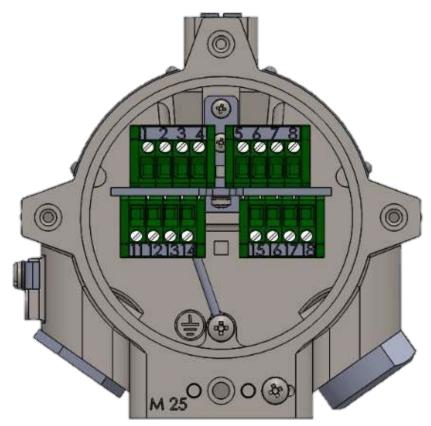


Figure 14 : Terminal View



Flame detector USER MANUAL

| table | 1 | : | Terminal | Connections |
|-------|---|---|----------|-------------|
|-------|---|---|----------|-------------|

| Pin # | Function | Description | |
|--------|-----------------------|---|--|
| Ground | Ground (earth) | Connected to a screw on the housing exterior. | |
| 1 | 24 VDC (+) | Power supply (18-32 VDC) | |
| 2 | 24 VDC (-) | Power supply return (OV) | |
| 3 | 0-20mA+ (In) | This output is used for analog 0-20 mA current output | |
| 4 | 0-20mA- (out) | | |
| 5 | Fault Relay | A normally open SPST contact relay, that is energized (closed) | |
| 6 | Fault Relay COM | when the detector is in normal operation and opens under fault condition. | |
| 7 | Alarm Relay (NO) | A normally open SPST contact relay, that is open in normal | |
| 8 | Alarm Relay COM | operation, and closed when fire is detected. This relay can be configured to latch as described in section (3.4). | |
| 11 | 24 VDC (+) | Power supply (18-32 VDC) | |
| 12 | 24 VDC (-) | Power supply return (OV) | |
| 13 | Manual BIT activation | The manual BIT (built-in test) can be initiated by momentarily short circuiting this terminal and one of the "24 VDC (-)" terminals (2 or 12)". See 3.11 Manual BIT – Alarm Output Test for more details. | |
| 14 | Shield | This terminal should be left connected to the housing internal ground screw. | |
| 15 | RS 485 (+) | RS-485 Modbus communication (also used by the | |
| 16 | RS 485 (-) | "Communicator" software) | |
| 17 | Auxiliary Relay NO | A normally open SPST contact relay, that is open in normal operation, and closed according to the configuration used I | |
| 18 | Auxiliary Relay COM | | |



3.8 Current Output (0-20mA) Wiring

The detector's 0-20mA current output can act as both a source or a sink transmitter and can be 3-wire or 4-wire connected.

The following drawing shows how to wire the detector to act as a current source isolated transmitter (4-wire connection):

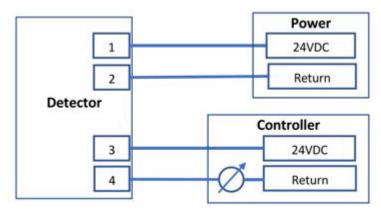


Figure 15 : Source 4-Wire Scheme

The following drawing shows how to wire the detector to act as a current sink isolated transmitter (4-wire connection):

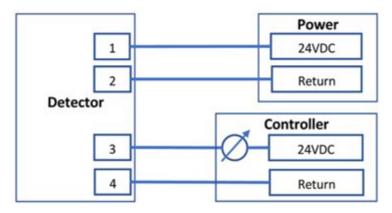


Figure 16 : Sink 4-Wire Scheme



Flame detector USER MANUAL

The following drawing shows how to wire the detector to act as a current source non-isolated transmitter (3-wire connection):

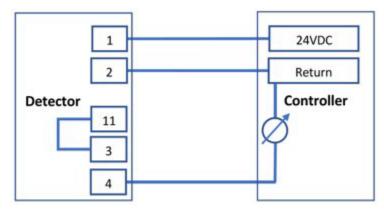


Figure 17 : Source 3-Wire Scheme

Note: Link between 3 and 11 to be wired on site

The following drawing shows how to wire the detector to act as a current sink non-isolated transmitter (3-wire connection):

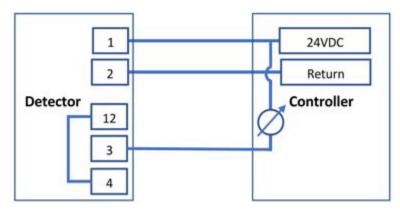


Figure 18 : Sink 3-Wire Scheme

Note: Link between 4 and 12 to be wired on site

3.9 4 Wire Relay Connection

This wiring option uses the fault and alarm relay and are connected to fire alarm panels. This connection allows to connect several detectors on 4 wires in a single loop. On the last detector there is a connected EOL resistor in the connection box. The value of the resistor depends on the control panel specification.

The number of detectors in a single loop depends on the control panels power supply capacity and length on wire width.



In fault condition, the fault relay will open the contact. The control panel will see an open loop and will report a fault.

In alarm condition, the alarm relay will close the contact and short the loop. With this configuration, the panel does know which detector in the loop caused the alarm or fault. See figure below.

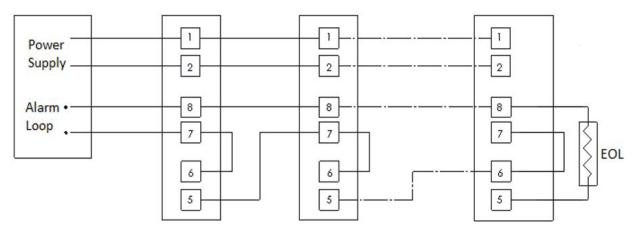


Figure 19:4 Wire Relay Connection

3.10 RS-485 Communication Network

Using the RS-485 network capability of the detector and communicator software, it is possible to connect up to 32 detectors in an addressable system with only 4 wires (2 for power and 2 for communication). Using repeaters, the number of detectors can be much larger (32 detectors for each repeater) up to 247 on the same 4 wires. Using the RS-485 network, it is possible to read each detector's status (fault, alarm) and to initiate a BIT to each detector individually.

The detector communicates via RS-485 with a Modbus RTU compatible protocol. For more details on the communication protocol, please see manual SG50FMODBUS-EN

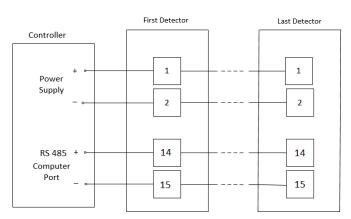


Figure 20 : RS-485 Networking



3.11 Cabling Recommendations

The cable used should be appropriate for the hazardous area classification and meet local, national and company regulations.

In order to comply with EMC regulations, the cable must be shielded, and the detector grounded.

The use of industrial grade, suitably armored field cable is recommended). When using HART® communications, there are some additional considerations. In particular, low capacitance cable should be used. Further detailed information can be found at the HART® Communication Foundation's website www.hartcomm.org.

3.12 Earth/Ground Regime

Any earthing regime employed must avoid earth loops. The following information is provided to assist with proper earthing of the detector

• There is an earthing point on the outside of the detector enclosure for connection to Electrical ground

3.12.1 General recommendations

- In general, correctly engineered star earthing arrangements minimize earth current crosstalk and noise, improving the reliability and performance of instrumentation.
- The use of a single, screened / shielded cable for each field device ensures good screening / shielding and reduces crosstalk.

3.12.2 Field Cabling

- The entire length of the field cabling connected to a unit should be screened / shielded. The screen / shield should be connected to a low noise instrument earth at one end.
- The screens / shields of field cabling must not be connected in a manner that creates earth loops or that will result in the screens / shields carrying large currents from heavy plant or equipment.

3.12.3 Interference and noise

- Electrical equipment connected to the system should comply with applicable national or international EMC standards.
- Ideally, the 24 V supply reaching units should be free from large transients, fluctuations or high frequency noise.
- In order to reduce the likelihood of radio frequency interference affecting the operation of units it is recommended that neither units nor their cabling are installed in close proximity to the antennae of high-powered radio, radar or satellite communication equipment.



4 Configuration options

Some functions of the detector can be configured using an RS-485 modem connected to a computer with the "communicator" software. For details of how to download the software please contact technical support via email at oldhamsimtronics-support@Teledyne.com or detconservice@Teledyne.com.

These configuration options are listed in the following table along with their factory default values.

| Function | Options | Default Setting |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| Sensitivity | Very low, Medium, High, Extreme | Medium |
| Ultra-fast detection | Disabled, Enabled | Disabled |
| Alarm Delay | 0, 5, 10, 20 or 30 seconds | O seconds (no delay) |
| Alarm Latch | Disabled, Enabled | Disabled |
| Enable Pre-Alarm 0-20mA | Disabled, Enabled | Disabled |
| Enable dirty window warning 0- 20mA | Disabled, Enabled | Disabled |
| Aux. Relay | Alarm, Pre-Alarm, Dirty Window Warning | Alarm |
| Window Heater | Disabled, Enabled | Enabled |
| Modbus address | 1 – 247 | 1 |
| Manual BIT – Alarm Output Test | Disabled, Enabled | Disabled |

table 2 : Detector Configuration Options

• Note: Medium Default, sensitivity setting allows detection of a 32-in Plume hydrogen flame at a distance of 66ft (20m).



Flame detector USER MANUAL

4.1 Sensitivity

The detector can be configured to one of five sensitivity levels: very low, low, medium, high and extreme. The following table lists for each sensitivity setting the maximum distance, in which a standard fire¹ would be reliably detected.

| Sensitivity level | Detection distance in feet (meters) |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Very low | 16 (5) |
| Low | 33 (10) |
| Medium | 66 (20) |
| High | 98 (30) |
| Extreme | 98 (30) |

table 3 : Sensitivity Levels

Further details about the response characteristics of the detector at the different sensitivity settings and fuel types can be found in section 11.

4.2 Ultra-Fast Detection

The ultra-fast detection feature allows detection of fireballs and explosions at 40 milliseconds. If enabled, this feature is independent of other detection algorithms and alarm delays.

4.3 Alarm Delay

When a fire is detected, the detector delays the execution of the alarm outputs up to the configured time period. After this time delay, the detector re-evaluates the situation. If a fire is still detected the alarm outputs are activated.

4.4 Alarm Latch

If alarm latch is enabled, the detector outputs will remain active even after a flame is no longer detected. To reset the detector outputs the detector must be power cycled or a manual BIT initiated.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 1}$ A standard fire is defined as a 32-in Plume of H2 fire, with maximum wind speed of 6.5 ft/s (2 m/s)



4.5 Enable Pre-Alarm 0-20mA

If the Pre-Alarm is enabled and Alarm Delay is greater than 0, The detector 0-20mA output will be 16mA and the red LED will blink in case of a fire condition.

4.6 Enable dirty window warning 0-20mA

If enabled, this feature assists predictive maintenance by indicating an alert when the BIT signal is reduced by 75% of the value needed to trigger a BIT fault failure. When activated, the milliampere output will drop to 3mA and the LED will remain steady green, it should be noted that a fire signal will override the dirty window warning. A process variable of optical contamination (BIT signal level) is accessible via HART and / or MODBUS. The value of the field ranges from 0 (clean) to 100% (BIT fault).

4.7 Auxiliary Relay

The Aux relay can be set to operate in parallel to the alarm relay, at pre-alarm level or on "dirty window warning.

4.8 Window Heater

The detector is equipped with a heater to prevent condensation and icing on the window. If enabled, the heater is operated automatically depending on temperature.

4.9 Modbus Address

The detector can communicate with the communicator software using a Modbus RTU compatible protocol on RS-485. This protocol allows for a network of detectors to be connected, each with a unique Modbus address. The address of the detector can be set to any value in the range 1–247.



Flame detector USER MANUAL

4.10 Manual BIT – Alarm Output Test (Full loop test)

When enabled, the alarm outputs are activated when a Manual BIT is initiated. See section 5.2 for details.



Make sure all fire extinguishing actions or alarms connected to the detector are DISABLED when the manual BIT is initiated and the "Manual BIT – Alarm Output Test" is enabled as the Manual BIT will set the 0-20mA terminal to 20mA and close the alarm relay and auxiliary relay if configured.



5 Operation

On power up, the LED on the front of the detector flashes Yellow indicating the startup routine has begun. After approximately 30 seconds, if the startup is successful, the LED turns green, the 0-20mA output goes to 4mA and the fault relay is closed.

Detector configuration settings can be changed as described in section 3.7. To restart the detector, cycle the power.

5.1 Output Signals

The detector has the following output signals:

- Current output (0–20mA) with HART ® 7
- Relays (Fault, Alarm and Auxiliary)
- Modbus RS-485
- Tri-color status LED

| | | | State | | | |
|-------|----------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| State | Output | 0 – 20mA | Fault Relay (NC) | Alarm Relay (NO) | Aux Relay (NO) | LED |
| | Startup | lmA | Open | Open | Open | Flashing Yellow |
| | Fault | lmA | Open | Open | Open | Flashing Yellow |
| | BIT fault | 2mA | Open | Open | Open | Yellow |
| | Dirty Window Warning | 3mA (1) | Closed | Open | Closed (²) | Green |
| | Normal | 4mA | Closed | Open | Open | Green |
| | Pre Alarm | 16mA (³) | Closed | Open | Closed (4) | Flashing red |
| | Fire Alarm | 20mA | Closed | Closed | Closed | Red |

table 4 : Output Signal

Notes:

¹ – 3mA when "Enable dirty window warning 0-20mA" enabled. 4mA when "Enable dirty window warning 0-20mA" disabled.

²- Closed when "Aux Relay" set to "Dirty Window Warning".

³ – 16mA when "Enable Pre-Alarm 0-20mA" enabled. 4mA when "Enable Pre-Alarm 0-20mA" disabled.

⁴- Closed when "Aux Relay" set to "pre-alarm".



Flame detector USER MANUAL

5.2 Testing

The detector has a Built-In-Test (BIT) capability to ensure proper operation and to indicate when the windows are dirty. The BIT process runs automatically at startup and periodically during the operation of the detector. The BIT can also be initiated manually by short circuiting the "Manual BIT" terminal and the "24 VDC (-) "terminal for one second (see Table 1) or by using the communicator software (connected through RS-485).

In case of "Dirty Window" fault the detector may still detect flames but at a lower sensitivity.

When "Manual BIT – Alarm Output Test" feature is enabled (default disabled) using the Communication Software, a successful Manual BIT will activate the following alarm outputs for a few seconds:

- a) The LED in the front of the detector will turn red.
- b) The 0-20mA current output will be set to 20mA.
- c) The alarm relay will close.



Make sure all fire extinguishing actions or alarms connected to the detector are DISABLED, when the manual BIT is initiated and the "Manual BIT – Alarm Output Test" is enabled, as the manual BIT will set the 0-20mA terminal to 20mA and close the alarm relay.

5.3 Flame Simulator

Flame simulators are often used by industry to perform detector testing during installation and periodic end to end testing of a flame detector alarm system. Refer to the Spyglass Flame simulator manual SP-F-SIM for full instructions.



6 Maintenance

After powering up, the detector should work maintenance free. Regular checks should be in the form of a physical inspection and to periodically ensure the optical surfaces are clean (windows and reflective mirror). It is also recommended to perform a function test annually or in line with local requirements, whichever is the sooner.



The sensor module in the front half of the detector contains no serviceable components and should never be opened. The terminal compartment at the back is the only part of the housing that should be opened by the user. Any violation of these instructions will invalidate the warranty.

6.1 Cleaning Procedure

- a) Disconnect the power to the unit and disable/inhibit any extinguishing equipment that is connected to the unit.
- b) Use water and detergent to clean the detector windows and underside of the reflector. Rinse with a soft cloth, cotton swab, or tissue.
- c) Where dust, dirt or moisture accumulates on the window, first clean the window with a soft optical cloth and detergent, and then rinse with a clean soft cloth, cotton swab, or tissue. If contamination continues to be an issue consider using the air shield.



Flame detector USER MANUAL

THIS PAGE IS LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK



7 Troubleshooting

Use the table below to help troubleshoot any detector operational issues.

| Detector Status | Possible Cause | Corrective Action |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|
| LEDs Off | No power to the unit | Check that the power (18-vDC – 32vDC) is available to the detector. |
| Fault Relay is open | | • Check power polarity. |
| Current output at 0mA | | |
| | | • Check wiring in the detector. |
| Yellow LED constantly on | Power problems | Check the voltage between the "24VDC (+)" and |
| Fault Relay is open | | "24VDC (-)" terminals to verify that it is in the allowed range (see section 10.3) |
| Current output at OmA | | |
| Yellow LED constantly on | BIT Fault | • Clean detector window and underside of reflector. |
| Fault Relay is open | | • Power cycle the detector (turn the power off |
| 0–20mA at 2mA | | and then back on) or initiate manual BIT test. |
| Green LED constantly on | Dirty Window Warning | • Clean detector window. |
| Fault Relay is closed | | • Restart the detector (by turning the power off |
| 0–20mA at 3mA | | and then back on). |
| Red LED constantly on | Detector is in alarm | Restart the detector (by turning the power off and |
| | latch mode | then back on) or perform a manual BIT. |
| | | |
| Alarm Relay closed and current | Detector is exposed to | • Check cause of alarm. |
| output is at 20mA | a flame | If caused by "friendly fire", re-position the |
| | | detector so that it is not affected by it. |
| | | |

table 5 : Common Troubleshooting Suggestions



Flame detector USER MANUAL

THIS PAGE IS LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK



8 Servicing

The detector contains no user serviceable parts. In the event the detector has been damaged or is deemed to not be working properly, it should be returned to the manufacturer for repair. For technical assistance and to request a returns authorization number contact technical support via email at oldhamsimtronics-support@Teledyne.com or detcon-service@Teledyne.com.



Flame detector USER MANUAL

THIS PAGE IS LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK



9 Communicator Software

The Communicator software can be used to configure and monitor the Spyglass-IR3-H2 flame detector. The software communicates using Modbus over an RS-485 port to the detector. Modbus commands enable the user to configure parameters and monitor the status of the detector. For details of how to download the software and be sent a copy of the manual please contact technical support via email at oldhamsimtronics-support@Teledyne.com or detcon-service@Teledyne.com.



Flame detector USER MANUAL

THIS PAGE IS LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK



10 Specifications

10.1 Fire Detection

- Detection time and distance:
 - o 40ms for fast fire burst or explosion
 - 1.5s for 32" (0.8m) hydrogen fire at 0–66ft. (0–20m)
 - o 4s for 32" (0.8m) hydrogen fire at 66–100ft. (20–30m)
- Field of view: 90° Horizontal, 75° Vertical
- Time Delay: 0-30 seconds (adjustable)
- Built-in test: Automatic and Manual

10.2 Electrical Specifications

- Operating Voltage: 24 VDC nominal (18-32 VDC)
- Current Consumption:
 - Standby 120mA
 - Maximum 180mA all systems in operation (including window heater)
- Cable Entries: 2x conduit entries 3/4" NPT or M25x1.5, with one entry plugged with a certified stopper.
- Wiring: 14-17AWG (2.5-1.0mm²)



Flame detector USER MANUAL

10.3 Outputs

- Relays: Volt-free contacts rated 2A at 30 VDC
 - Alarm: Normally open
 - Auxiliary: Normally open
 - Fault²: Normally closed energized
- 0-20mA (stepped) current output: 3 wire and 4 wire configurations (sink and source).

The 0-20 mA output at different detectors status are define at the below table.

The max load at 18-32 VDC is 500 ohms. The 0-20 mA is sink isolated and can be configured as source.

| Detector status | Output |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| Fault | 0 mA or 1 mA ±10% |
| BIT Fault | 2 mA ±10% |
| Dirty window warning | 3 mA ±10% |
| Normal | 4 mA ±10% |
| Pre-alarm | 16 mA ±3% |
| Alarm | 20 mA ±3% |

table 6 : Detector Status 0-20mA output

- Tri-colour LED indication
- Modbus RTU compatible Protocol on RS-485
- HART 7

² The FAULT relay will normally be energized and the contact will be closed during normal operation of the detector The contact will be open at fault condition or low voltage.

Spyglass IR3-H2 Flame detector USER MANUAL

10.4 Mechanical Specifications

- Size: 5.51 x 3.54× 3.54" (140×90×90mm)
- Weight:
 - Detector (Stainless Steel 316): 6.6 lbs. (3 kg)
 - Tilt mount (Stainless steel 316): 3.3 lbs. (1.5 kg)

10.5 Environmental Specifications

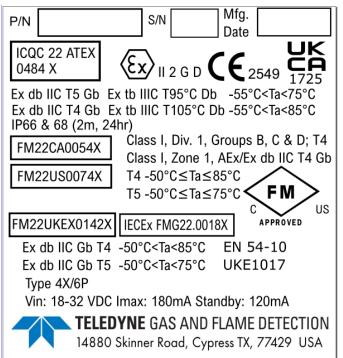
- Temperature Range:
 - Operating and storage -67°F to + 185°F (-55°C to +85°C)
- Humidity: up to 99%, non-condensing
- Ingress Protection: IP66 & IP68 (2m, 24hr); NEMA 4X & 6P



Flame detector USER MANUAL

10.6 Product Labeling

10.6.1 Ex db



A Warning / Attention

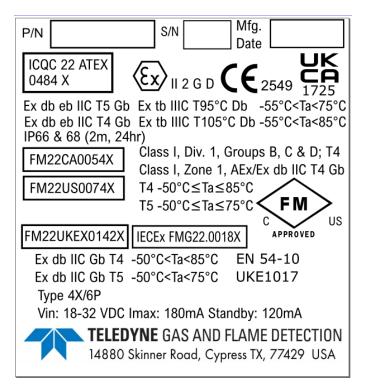
Read and understand instruction manual before operating. Do not open when an explosive atmosphere is present. Seal All Conduits within 18 inches. Do not open when energized.

Lire et comprendre le manuel d instruction avant l'utilisation. Ne pas ouvrir quand une atmosphère explosive est présente. Sceller tous les conduits pour les 18 pouces. De pas ouvrir lorsqu'il est sous tension.



Flame detector USER MANUAL

10.6.2 Ex db eb



A Warning / Attention

Read and understand instruction manual before operating. Do not open when an explosive atmosphere is present. Seal All Conduits within 18 inches. Do not open when energized.

Lire et comprendre le manuel d instruction avant l'utilisation. Ne pas ouvrir quand une atmosphère explosive est présente. Sceller tous les conduits pour les 18 pouces. De pas ouvrir lorsqu'il est sous tension.



Flame detector USER MANUAL

THIS PAGE IS LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK



Spyglass IR3-H2 Flame detector USER MANUAL

10.7 Approvals

Note: All items are designed and tested to meet the relevant requirements.

• Explosion proof:

o ATEX: II 2 G D

Ex db IIC T5 Gb or Ex db eb IIC T5 Gb and Ex tb IIIC T95°C Db $\,$ -55°C<Ta<75°C Ex db IIC T4 Gb or Ex db eb IIC T4 Gb and Ex tb IIIC T105°C Db $\,$ -55°C<Ta<85°C

o UKCA:

Ex db IIC T5 Gb -50°C<Ta<75°C Ex db IIC T4 Gb -50°C<Ta<85°C

o IECEx, PESO, InMetro:

Ex db IIC T5 Gb -50°C≤Ta≤75°C Ex db IIC T4 Gb -50°C≤Ta≤85°C

o FM & FMC:

Class I, Div. 1, Groups B, C & D; T4 Class I, Zone 1, AEx/Ex db IIC T4 Gb T4 -50°C≤Ta≤75°C or T5 -50°C≤Ta≤85°C

- Performance:
 - o ANSI FM 3260
- Functional safety: Certified as SIL 2 per IEC 61508.
- California Fire Marshall
- EAC CU TR

10.8 Electromagnetic Compatibility

The detector fully complies with EMC directive 2014/30/EU and protected against interference caused by RFI and EMI. The cables to the detector must be shielded and the detector must be grounded in order to comply to the EMC directive.



Flame detector USER MANUAL

THIS PAGE IS LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK



11 Performance

The following tables show test results of detection distances and times for different fire scenarios. Each table lists results for a different sensitivity setting. For liquid fires the size of fire refers to the size of the pan, filled with the fuel. For gas fires the length of the plume is listed.

11.1 SG50-F- IR3-H2 -ASX1 (Standard model)

Extreme Sensitivity

| Fuel | Size | Distance Feet (m) | Average Response Time (Seconds) |
|----------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Methanol | 1 x 1 ft | 59 (18) | 4.2 |
| H2 | 32-in Plume | 98 (30) | 1.5 |
| Methane | 32-in Plume | 66 (20) | 1.7 |
| Syngas | 32-in Plume | 82 (25) | 3.0 |

table 7 : IR3-H2 Sensitivity (Extreme)

Medium Sensitivity

table 8 : IR3 Sensitivity (Medium)

| Fuel | Size | Distance ft (m) | Average Response Time (Seconds) |
|----------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| Methanol | 1 x 1 ft | 30 (9) | 2.9 |
| H2 | 32-in Plume | 66 (20) | 1.5 |
| Methane | 32-in Plume | 66 (20) | 1.2 |
| Syngas | 32-in Plume | 82 (25) | 3.0 |



Flame detector USER MANUAL

Low Sensitivity

table 9 : IR3-H2 Sensitivity (Low)

| Fuel | Size | Distance ft (m) | Average Response Time (Seconds) |
|---------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| H2 | 32-in Plume | 66 (20) | 1.4 |
| Methane | 32-in Plume | 66 (20) | 1.4 |
| H2 | 32-in Plume | 66 (20) | 1.4 |

Very Low Sensitivity

table 10 : IR3-H2 Sensitivity (Very low)

| Fuel | Size | Distance ft (m) | Average Response Time (Seconds) |
|----------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|
| Methanol | 1 x 1 ft | 10 (3) | 4.9 |
| H2 | 32-in Plume | 16 (5) | 1.5 |
| Methane | 32-in Plume | 13 (4) | 0.9 |
| Syngas | 32-in Plume | 13 (4) | 2.1 |

*Syngas mixture: 50% volume methane, 50% volume hydrogen

For performance details of model 5 the following documents are available, on request:

Model 5 - fast response enclosed space / automotive / spray paint booth applications SG50FCO2L-EN



11.2 False Alarm Immunity

The following table shows test results of false alarm immunity for detectors configured to "Extreme" sensitivity. For each radiation source a distance is listed. This is the minimum tested distance, from which the detectors did not alarm when exposed to the radiation source (either modulated or non-modulated).

False Stimuli only at Extreme Sensitivity

| False Alarm Source | Maximum Distance in ft (m) |
|---|-----------------------------|
| Sunlight, Direct, Reflected | No response at any distance |
| Sunlight, Direct, reflected with water drops on sensors | No response at any distance |
| Incandescent frosted glass light, 300W | 2 (0.5) |
| Fluorescent, 70W (3x23.3W) | 2 (0.5) |
| Electric arc | 3 (1) |
| Arc welding | 2 (0.5) |
| Radiation heater, 1850W | 2 (0.5) |
| Radiation heater, 1850W with water drops on sensors | 2 (0.5) |
| Quartz lamp (1000W) shielded | 2 (0.5) |
| Quartz lamp (500W) non-shielded | 2 (0.5) |
| Quartz lamp (500W) non-shielded with water drops on sensors | 2 (0.5) |
| Mercury vapor lamp 160Wx3 | 2 (0.5) |
| Car Exhausts | 2 (0.5) |
| Projector led | 2 (0.5) |
| Solenoid bell | 2 (0.5) |
| Soldering iron | 2 (0.5) |
| Electric Drill | 2 (0.5) |



Flame detector USER MANUAL

THIS PAGE IS LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK



12 Ordering Information

table 12 : Ordering Information

| Part Number | Description | | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
| Flame Detector | | | |
| SG50-F-IR3-H2-AS11 | Spyglass IR3-H2, ATEX, FMus, FMc and IECEx certified, 316SS, M25 entries – HART | | |
| SG50-F-IR3-H2-AS21 | Spyglass IR3-H2, ATEX, FMus, FMc and IECEx certified, 316SS, 3/4"NPT entries – HART | | |
| SG50-F-IR3-H2-AS15 | As Spyglass IR3-H2-AS11 but with enhanced speed of response option – NFPA33 | | |
| SG50-F-IR3-H2-AS25 | As Spyglass IR3-H2-AS21 but with enhanced speed of response option – NFPA33 | | |
| | Detector Tilt Mount | | |
| SP-F-TILTMOUNT-SS1 | Spyglass Stainless Steel Tilt Mount | | |
| | Flame Simulator Kit | | |
| SP-F-SIM-IR3-H2 | IR3-H2 Spyglass Flame Simulator Kit Including Carry Case, Simulator, Carrying Strap, Charger and Manual | | |
| | Flame Simulator Spare Parts | | |
| SP-F-SIM-CASE | Carrying Case | | |
| SP-F-SIM-STRAP | Carrying Strap | | |
| SP-F-SIM-TOOL | Cover Removal Tool | | |
| SP-F-SIM-ALLEN | Allen Key | | |
| SP-F-SIM-CHRGR | Power Supply and Charger | | |
| SP-F-SIM-BATT | Replacement Battery | | |



Flame detector USER MANUAL

| Part Number Description | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Flame Detector Accessories | | | |
| SP-F-WEATHERCOVER-1 | Weather Cover, Stainless Steel | | |
| SP-F-POLEMOUNT-23 | Pole Mounting Adaptor, Stainless Steel, of 2- and 3-inch pipes | | |
| SP-F-AIRSHIELD-1 Air Shield | | | |
| Communications | | | |
| SP-F-USB-RS485 | RS485 to USB Converter (for connection of detector RS485 output to PC/Laptop for use with FGD Communicator Software) | | |



13 Appendix A

HART 7 Communications

Highway Addressable Remote Transducer (HART®) establishes digital data communication over 4-20mA Current Loop cables. The HART protocol uses FSK modulation signals superimpose at low level on top of the 4-20mA current.

The HART implementation on the Spyglass IR3/UV-IR Flame Detector allows the Control Unit to monitor the status of the detector, settings of User Configuration and initiate field diagnostics.

The HART protocol implemented in this flame detector is corresponds to HART rev. 7.0. It supports HART Universal commands including Common Practice and Device Specific Commands. For more detail information see manual SG50FHART-MANUAL-EN





| EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY | | | |
|---|--|---|--|
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| MODELS | MANUFACTURER | Teledyne Detcon Inc 14880 Skinner Road | |
| Spyglass Optical Flame Detectors Types - witho | out Video: | Cypress, TX 77429 | |
| SG50-F-IR3-ASxx, SG50-F-IR3-H2-ASxx | | USA | |
| SG50-F-UV-IR-ASxx, SG50-F-UV-IR-F-ASxx | | | |
| Directives : ATEX Directive (2014/34/EU), EMC Directive (2014/30/EU) | | | |
| ATEX EU Type Test Certificate : ICQC 22 | ATEX0484X | _ | |
| Marking: (Ex) | | CE ₂₅₇₅ | |
| II 2 G Ex db IIC T5 Gb or | II 2 G Ex db IIC T4 | Gb or | |
| II 2 G Ex db eb IIC T5 Gb and II 2 D Ex tb IIIC T95° Db | II 2 G Ex db eb IIC 1 | 「4 Gb and Ⅱ 2 D Ex tb ⅢC T105° Db | |
| -55°C <ta<75°c< td=""><td>-55°C<ta<75°c< td=""><td></td></ta<75°c<></td></ta<75°c<> | -55°C <ta<75°c< td=""><td></td></ta<75°c<> | | |
| | | | |
| Standards : EN IEC 60079-0:2018, EN 60079 | 9-1:2014. | | |
| EN 60079-7:2015+A1 :2018, EN | | | |
| EN 54-10 :2002+A1 :2005 (excep | | | |
| ATEX Notified Body | ATEX Notified Bod | y (Quality | |
| (EU Type Test) | Assurance Notifica | ation) : | |
| ICQC LLC | INTERTEK ITALIA | SPA | |
| 63-19, Skolas Street | Via Guido Miglioli, 2 | /A | |
| Jurmala, LV-2016 | 20063 Cernusco su | Naviglio (MI) | |
| Latvia | Italy | | |
| We declare, under our sole responsibility, that the , to which this declaration relates, are in conformance with the ATEX Directive (2014/34/EU), Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (2014/30/EU) and the standards referenced above when properly installed and maintained and when used for the purpose for which they are intended. | | | |
| Authorized by : KOwsk | | | |
| Name: Rebecca Crist Title: Quality Supervisor Cypress, 20-Feb-2023 Title: Quality Supervisor | | | |

Teledyne Confidential; Commercially Sensitive Business Data

Spyglass IR3-H2 Flame detector

Flame detector USER MANUAL

THIS PAGE IS LEFT INTENTIONALLY BLANK







AMERICAS 4880 Skinner Rd Cypress, TX 77429 USA Tel.: +1-713-559-9200 EMEA ZI Est, Rue Orfila, CS20417 62027 Arras cedex France Tel.: +33 (0) 3 21 60 80 80 ASIA PACIFIC Room 04, 9th Floor, 275 Ruiping Road, Xuhui District, Shanghai, China TGFD_APAC@Teledyne.com

www.teledynegasandflamedetection.com



© 2023 Teledyne gas and flame detection. All right reserved. SG50FIR3H2-EN Revision 1.0 /february 2023