

# **OLCT 20**

**GAS DETECTOR** 



## OLCT 20

GAS DETECTOR USER MANUAL

User Manuals in other languages are available on Website https://teledynegasandflamedetection.com



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All of the information that is provided in this document is accurate to the best of our knowledge.

As a result of continuous research and development, the specifications of this product may be changed without prior notice.

TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS S.A.S.

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62027 ARRAS Cedex



# **Table of Contents**

1 C	Overview	1
1.1	Limitation of Liability	1
1.2	Ownership clauses	1
1.3	Warnings	2
1.4	Warranty	2
1.5	Important Information	2
1.6	Destruction of equipment	3
1.7	Symbols used	3
2 D	Description	5
2.1	Overview	5
2.2	Main characteristics of the various versions	5
2.3	Mechanical installation of the various versions	6
3 W	Viring Arrangements	7
3.1	3-wire version (OLC 20d, OLCT 20d)	7
3.2	2-wire version (OLCT 20d)	7
3.3	2-wire Intrinsic Safety version (OLCT 20i)	8
4 Ir	nstallation	9
4.1	Regulations and operating conditions	9
4.2	Equipment required	9
4.3	Positioning the detector	9
4.4	Mounting the detector	9
5 N	Maintenance	11
5.1	Maintenance frequency	11
5.2	Detector OLC 20	12
5.3	Transmitters OLCT 20	12
5.4	Replacing a sensor on OLCT 20	14

#### **OLCT 20**

GAS DETECTOR USER MANUAL

6 Sp	oare Parts	15
6.1	Flameproof approved replacement sensors	15
6.2	Intrinsically-safe approved replacement sensors	16
7 A	ccessories	1 <i>7</i>
8 Te	echnical Specifications	19
8.1	Common	19
8.2	OLC 20d	19
8.3	OLCT 20d	19
8.4	OLCT 20i	19
8.5	Sensors	20
8.6	Cross gas factors for combustible gases	22
9 El	J Declaration of Conformity	25
	oecial instructions for use in explosive atmospheres o	
10.1	General comments	
10.1	Warnings	
10.2	Requirements for use in dust explosive atmospheres	
10.4	Cable entries	
10.5	Threaded joints	
10.6	Limitations of use	
10.7	Overange and exposition to specific components	
10.8	Operation under low oxygen levels	
10.9	Installation and calibration	
10.10	Marking	29



# 1 Overview

Thank you for choosing this TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS instrument.

All necessary actions have been taken to ensure your complete satisfaction with this equipment.

It is important that you read this entire manual carefully and thoroughly.

# 1.1 Limitation of Liability

- TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS shall not be held responsible for any damage to the
  equipment or for any physical injury or death resulting in whole or in part from the
  inappropriate use or installation of the equipment, non-compliance with any and all
  instructions, warnings, standards and/or regulations in force.
- No business, person or legal entity may assume responsibility on behalf of TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS, even though they may be involved in the sale of TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS products.
- TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS shall not be responsible for any direct or indirect damage, or any direct or indirect consequence, resulting from the sale and use of any of its products UNLESS SUCH PRODUCTS HAVE BEEN SELECTED BY TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS ACCORDING TO THE APPLICATION.

# 1.2 Ownership clauses

- The drawings, specifications, and information herein contain confidential information that is the property of TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS.
- This information shall not, either in whole or in part, by physical, electronic, or any other
  means whatsoever, be reproduced, copied, divulged, translated, or used as the basis for
  the manufacture or sale of TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS equipment, or for any
  other reason without the prior written consent of TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS.



## 1.3 Warnings

- This is not a contractual document. TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS reserves the right to alter the technical features of its equipment at any time and for any reason without prior notice.
- READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE USING FOR THE FIRST TIME: these
  instructions should be read by all persons who have or will have responsibility for the use,
  maintenance, or repair of the instrument.
- This instrument shall only be deemed to be in conformance with the published performance if used, maintained, and repaired in accordance with the instructions of TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS, by TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS personnel, or by personnel authorized by TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS.

# 1.4 Warranty

Under normal conditions of use and on return to the factory, parts and workmanship are guaranteed for 2 years, excluding consumables such as sensors, filters, etc.

## 1.5 Important Information

The modification of the material and the use of parts of an unspecified origin shall entail the cancellation of any form of warranty.

The use of the unit has been projected for the applications specified in the technical characteristics. Exceeding the indicated values cannot in any case be authorized.

Catalytic sensors are susceptible to poisoning by traces of several substances. This leads to an inhibition which can be permanent or temporary depending on the contaminant, the concentration of the contaminant, the duration of exposure to the contaminant.

Poisoning may result from exposure to substances as:

- silicones (e.g. waterproofing, adhesives, release agents, special oils and greases, certain medical products, commercial cleaning agents)
- tetraethyl lead (e.g. leaded petrol, particularly aviation petrol 'Avgas')
- sulfur compounds (sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide)
- halogenated compounds (R134a, HFO, etc.)
- organo-phosphorus compounds (e.g. herbicides, insecticides, and phosphate esters in fireproof hydraulic fluids)

TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS recommends regular testing of fixed gas detection installations.



**USER MANUAL** 

# 1.6 Destruction of equipment



European Union only. This symbol indicates that, in conformity with directive DEEE (2002/96/CE) and in accordance with local regulations, this product must not be discarded with household waste.

It must be disposed of in a collection area that is designated for this purpose, for example at a site that is officially designated for recycling of electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) or a point of exchange for authorized products in the event of the acquisition of a new product of the same type.



The OLCT20 gas detector contains a lithium ion battery intended to supply power to certain parts of the electronic circuit. The battery will be removed prior to the destruction of the transmitter and deposited in a collection center for used batteries.

# 1.7 Symbols used

lcon	Signification
(i)	This symbol indicates:
	useful additional information.
	This symbol indicates:
=	This equipment must be connected to ground.
	This symbol denotes:
	Protective earth terminal. A cable of the adequate diameter must be connected to ground and to the terminal having this symbol
	This symbol denotes:
4	Attention! In the present mode of use, failure to adhere to the instructions preceded by this symbol can result in a risk of electric shock and/or death.
	This symbol indicates:
	You must refer to the instructions.



#### **OLCT 20**

GAS DETECTOR USER MANUAL



# 2 Description

#### 2.1 Overview

OLC 20 gas detectors are catalytic type detectors intended for the detection of combustible gases. They are flameproof certified (OLC 20d).

OLCT 20 gas detectors are 4-20 mA transmitters and are intended for the measurement of combustible and toxic gases and oxygen. They are either flameproof certified (OLCT 20d) or intrinsically safe certified (OLCT 20i).

OLC 20s and OLCT 20s are available in <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> NPT or M25 screw fittings and are designed to be attached on a junction box or any compatible generic transmitters.

## 2.2 Main characteristics of the various versions

	OLC 20	OLCT 20	
	LEL	LEL	TOX/O <sub>2</sub>
Flameproof design	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$
Intrinsic safety design			$\overline{\checkmark}$
3-wire cable / Wheatstone bridge	<b>V</b>		
3-wire cable / 4-20 mA output		$\overline{\checkmark}$	
2-wire cable / 4-20 mA output			$\overline{\checkmark}$
Catalytic sensor	$\overline{\checkmark}$	$\overline{\checkmark}$	
Electrochemical sensor			$\overline{\checkmark}$
Replacement catalytic sensor	$\overline{\checkmark}$		
Replacement pre-calibrated sensor			

# 2.3 Mechanical installation of the various versions

Please ensure you read the paragraph: Special Specifications for use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres in Accordance with European Directive ATEX 2014/34/EU.

See Appendix 1 for general installation instructions.

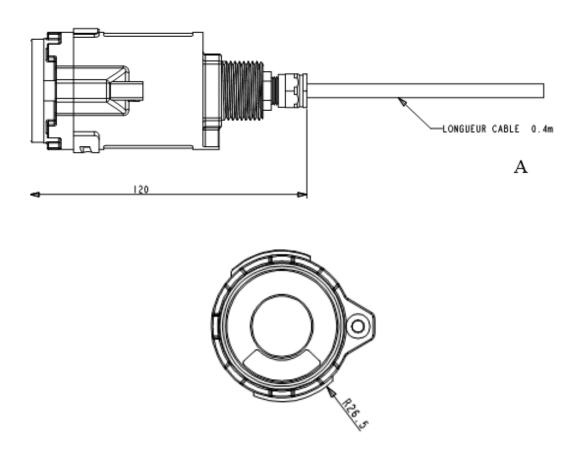


Figure 1 : Dimensions

	А
Dimensions OLC/OLCT 20	Cable length 0.2 m

# 3 Wiring Arrangements

Please ensure you read the paragraph: Special Specifications for use in Explosive Atmospheres in Accordance with European Directive ATEX 2014/34/EU.

# 3.1 3-wire version (OLC 20d, OLCT 20d)

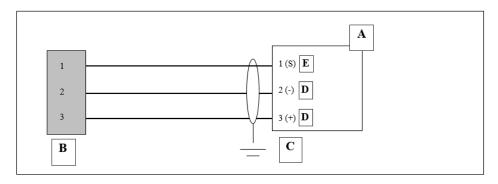


Figure 2

Α	В	С	D	E
TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS controller	OLC or OLCT 20	Grounding	Power supply	Signal (I)

# 3.2 2-wire version (OLCT 20d)

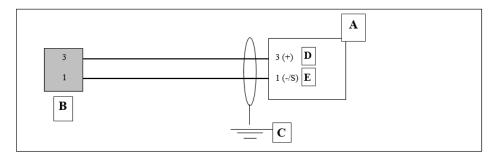


Figure 3

Α	В	С	D	E
TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS controller	OLCT 20	Grounding	Power supply	Signal (I)

# 3.3 2-wire Intrinsic Safety version (OLCT 20i)

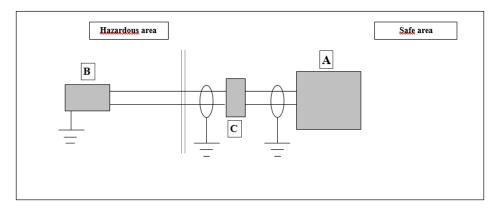


Figure 4

A	В	С
TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS controller	OLCT 20	Zener Barrier

# 4 Installation



It is recommended that you read the relevant guides for installing, operating and maintaining flammable gas and oxygen detectors (EN 60079-29-2) and toxic detectors (EN 45544-4).

# 4.1 Regulations and operating conditions

- Installation must comply with current edition of EN 60079-14 for systems installed in explosive atmospheres and eventually with any local or national additional requirements that may apply in the country of installation.
- In general, the ambient temperature, the power supply voltage and power mentioned in this document pertain to safety precautions against explosion. These temperatures are not the detector's operating temperatures.
- OLC20d and OLCT20d are authorized for use in zones 1, 2, 21 and 22 for ambient temperatures ranging between -20°C to +70°C (except OLC20d HT. See 10).
- OLCT20i are authorized for use in zones 0, 1, 2, 20, 21 and 22 for ambient temperatures ranging between -20°C to +70°C.
- The detection sensor must always be in contact with the ambient air. Therefore:
  - Do not cover the detection module.
  - Do not apply paint on the detection module.
  - Keep dust from building up.

## 4.2 Equipment required

## 4.3 Positioning the detector

The detector should be positioned at ground level, on the ceiling, at the height of the respiratory tract or near air extraction ducts, depending on the application or the density of the gas to be detected. Heavy gases should be detected at ground level, while light gases should be detected at ceiling height.

## 4.4 Mounting the detector

The detector must be installed with the detection sensor pointing downwards. For combustible gas detectors, tilting the device more than 45° past vertical can lead to imprecise readings.







Despite its high degree of protection (IP66), it may be necessary to protect the detector against adverse weather conditions (rain, dust, direct sunlight, etc.) and from direct spraying with cleaning or maintenance products (causing soiling of the detection sensor).

The detector must also be positioned so as to allow access to the measuring sensor so that it can be replaced easily.

Factors to be considered in determining optimal detector positioning:

- potential sources of gas and vapour emissions
- chemical and physical data on gases and vapours which may be present
- liquids with low volatility (place the detectors as near as possible to the leak)
- type and concentration of gas leaks (high-pressure jet, slow leak, etc.)
- air movements:
  - indoors: natural and mechanical ventilation
  - outdoors: wind speed and direction
- effect of temperature
- installation so as to avoid mechanical damage or deterioration caused by water in
- positioning to allow easy maintenance, if possible
- avoiding direct sunlight on the readout area as this would lead to maintenance problems



**USER MANUAL** 

# 5 Maintenance



The operations explained in this section must be performed by authorized, qualified personnel because they could affect detection reliability. Inspection and maintenance must be carried out in accordance with the current editions of EN60079-17 and eventually with any local or national additional requirements that may apply in the country of installation.

It is prohibited to open the transmitter when energized

Periodic inspections ensure that the equipment and system is functioning properly and providing reliable detection services. The section describes the preventative maintenance procedures required and how often they are to be performed. Inspection and maintenance must be carried out in accordance with the current editions of EN60079-17 and eventually with any local or national additional requirements that may apply in the country of installation.

# 5.1 Maintenance frequency

Gas detectors are safety devices. TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS recommends regular testing of fixed gas detection installations. This type of test involves injecting a standard gas of sufficient concentration into the detector to trigger pre-set alarms. This test does not, in any event, replace a full calibration of the detector.

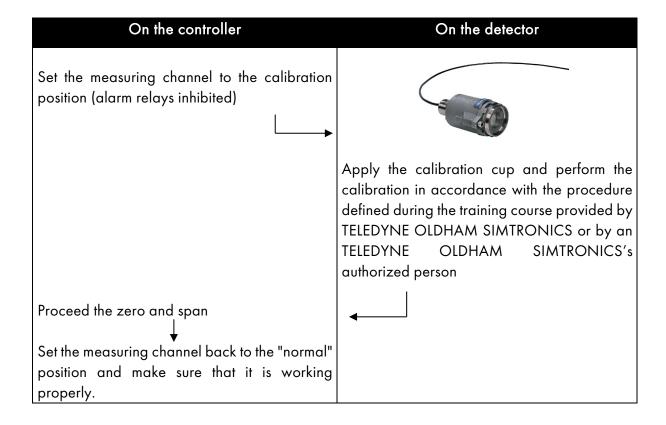
Frequency of gas testing depends on the industrial application in which the detector is used. Inspection should occur frequently during the months following installation start-up; later it may be spaced out if no significant problem is observed. If a detector does not react upon contact with gas, it must be calibrated. Calibration frequency will depend on the results of these tests (moisture, temperature, dust, etc.); however, the device should be calibrated at least once per year.

The site manager is responsible for implementing the safety procedures at the site. TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS is not responsible for implementing safety procedures.



#### 5.2 Detector OLC 20

#### 5.2.1 Calibration



# 5.2.2 Replacing a sensor on an OLC 20

#### When?

- When the sensor is damaged or cannot be calibrated
- On a preventive basis

#### How

- Turn off the relevant measuring channel
- Remove the sensor to be replaced
- Replace it with a new sensor
- Turn on the channel and check that it operates correctly

## 5.3 Transmitters OLCT 20

OLCT 20 gas transmitters are equipped with a pre-calibrated sensor and do not require any adjustment on installation.

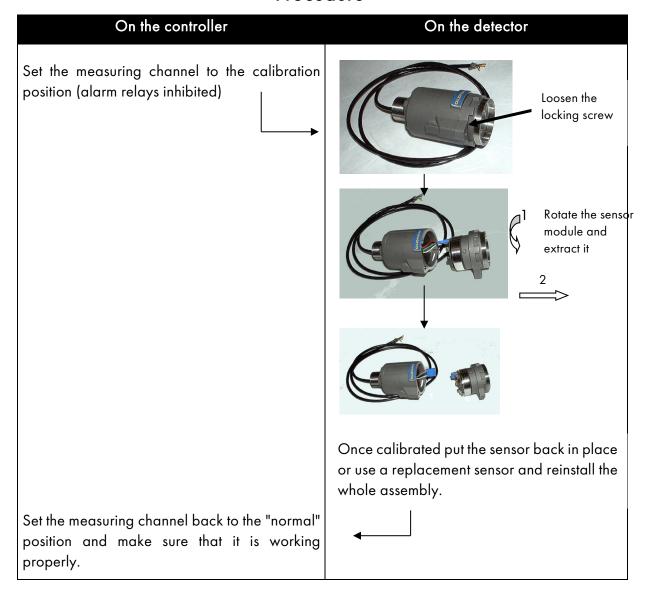
However, as gas detectors are safety equipment, it is recommended to bump test the complete transmitter after a sensor replacement.



#### 5.3.1 Calibration

After removing the sensor from the transmitter, perform the calibration by using the calibrating bench provided for that purpose (see CALIBRO's user manual).

#### **Procedure**



## 5.3.2 Calibration specifications



Calibration shall be performed **outside classified areas** and by using **suitable equipment** that is described during the training course provided by TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS or by a person authorized by TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS.

OLCT 20 sensor module  $(LEL/TOX/O_2)$ 



- Adjustment of 0 in clean air, using potentiometer (item 1).
- Adjustment of sensitivity (with standard gas), using the potentiometer (item 2).

# 5.4 Replacing a sensor on OLCT 20

#### When?

- When the sensor is damaged or cannot be calibrated.
- On a preventive basis.

#### How?

- Turn off the relevant measuring channel.
- Remove the sensor to be replaced.
- Replace it with a new, precalibrated unit.
- Turn the channel on and check that it operates correctly.



# **6** Spare Parts



All replacement parts must be TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS-manufactured parts. The use of non-TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS parts could jeopardize the instrument's safety.

# 6.1 Flameproof approved replacement sensors

	11 1
Part number	Description
6 313 757	OLC 20d sensor cell, 0-100% LEL, VQ1 type
6 313 758	OLC 20d sensor cell, 0-100% LEL, 4F type
6 313 995	OLC20d sensor cell, 0100% LEL, butadiene/acetylene, VQ1 type
6 313 759	OLC20d sensor cell, 0-100% vol. CH4
6 314 204	OLC 20d sensor cell, 0-100% vol. H <sub>2</sub>
6 313 988	OLC 20d sensor cell, 0-100% vol. SF <sub>6</sub>
6 313 689	OLC 20d HT sensor cell, 0-100% LEL, VQ1 type
6 313 685	OLCT 20d sensor cell, 0-100% LEL, VQ1 type
6 313 974	OLCT 20d poison control sensor cell, 0-100% LEL, 4F type
6 313 872	OLCT 20d sensor cell, 0-100% LEL, butadiene/acetylene, VQ1 type
6 313 687	OLCT 20d sensor cell, 0-100% vol. CH <sub>4</sub>
6 313 986	OLCT 20d sensor cell, 0-100% vol. SF <sub>6</sub>
6 313 203	OLCT 20d sensor cell, 0-100% vol. H <sub>2</sub>
6 314 100	Infrared sensor cell, 0-5% vol. CO <sub>2</sub> , for OLCT 20 XP IR
6 314 101	Infrared sensor cell, 0-10% vol. CO <sub>2</sub> , for OLCT 20 XP IR
6 314 146	Infrared sensor cell, 0-100% vol. CO <sub>2</sub> , for OLCT 20 XP IR
6 313 710	OLCT 20d O <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-30% vol.
6 313 707	OLCT 20d NH <sub>3</sub> sensor cell, 0-100 ppm
6 313 708	OLCT 20d NH <sub>3</sub> sensor cell, 0-1000 ppm
6 313 894	OLCT 20d NH <sub>3</sub> sensor cell, 0-5000 ppm
6 313 690	OLCT 20d CO sensor cell, 0-100 ppm
6 313 691	OLCT 20d CO sensor cell, 0-300 ppm
6 313 692	OLCT 20d CO sensor cell, 0-1000 ppm
6 313 693	OLCT 20d CO (H2 null) sensor cell, 0-1000 ppm
6 313 695	OLCT 20d H2S sensor cell, 0-30 ppm
6 313 965	OLCT 20d H2S sensor cell, 0-30 ppm, no HC interference
6 313 696	OLCT 20d H2S sensor cell, 0-100 ppm
6 313 697	OLCT 20d H2S sensor cell, 0-1000 ppm
6 313 698	OLCT 20d sensor cell, 0-100 ppm NO
6 313 699	OLCT 20d sensor cell, 0-300 ppm NO
6 313 700	OLCT 20d sensor cell, 0-1000 ppm NO
6 313 706	OLCT 20d sensor cell, 0-2000 ppm H2
6 313 772	OLCT 20d sensor cell, methylene/methylene chloride

Part number		Description
6 313 773	OLCT 20d sensor cell, R12	
6 313 774	OLCT 20d sensor cell, R134a	
6 313 775	OLCT 20d sensor cell, MOS	

# 6.2 Intrinsically-safe approved replacement sensors

Part number	Description Description
6 313 748	OLCT 20i O <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0 - 30% vol.
6 313 728	OLCT 20i NH <sub>3</sub> sensor cell, 0-100 ppm
6 313 729	OLCT 20i NH <sub>3</sub> sensor cell, 0-1000 ppm
6 313 895	OLCT 20i NH <sub>3</sub> sensor cell, 0-5000 ppm
6 313 694	OLCT 20i CO (H <sub>2</sub> null) sensor cell, 0-1000 ppm
6 3 1 3 7 1 1	
6 3 1 3 7 1 2	OLCT 20i CO sensor cell, 0-100 ppm  OLCT 20i CO sensor cell, 0-300 ppm
6313712	
	OLCT 20: U.S. as a second of 20 and a second of 20
6 3 1 3 7 1 6	OLCT 20i H <sub>2</sub> S sensor cell, 0-30 ppm
6 3 1 3 7 1 7	OLCT 20i H <sub>2</sub> S sensor cell, 0-100 ppm
6 313 718	OLCT 20i H <sub>2</sub> S sensor cell, 0-1000 ppm
6 3 1 3 7 1 9	OLCT 20i NO sensor cell, 0-100 ppm
6 313 720	OLCT 20i NO sensor cell, 0-300 ppm
6 313 721	OLCT 20i NO sensor cell, 0-1000 ppm
6 313 722	OLCT 20i NO <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-10 ppm
6 313 723	OLCT 20i NO <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-30 ppm
6 313 727	OLCT 20i H <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-2000 ppm
6 313 730	OLCT 20i HCl sensor cell, 0-30 ppm
6 313 731	OLCT 20i HCl sensor cell, 0-100 ppm
6 313 724	OLCT 20i SO <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-10 ppm
6 313 725	OLCT 20i SO <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-30 ppm
6 313 726	OLCT 20i SO <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-100 ppm
6 313 734	OLCT 20i Cl <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-10 ppm
6 313 746	OLCT 20i ETO sensor cell, 0-50 ppm
6 313 732	OLCT 20i HCN sensor cell, 0-10 ppm
6 313 733	OLCT 20i HCN sensor cell, 0-30 ppm
6 313 <i>7</i> 36	OLCT 20i COCl <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-1 ppm
6 313 740	OLCT 20i CIO <sub>2</sub> sensor cell, 0-3 ppm
6 313 735	OLCT 20i O₃ sensor cell, 0-1 ppm
6 313 737	OLCT 20i PH3 sensor cell, 0-1 ppm
6 313 739	OLCT 20i HF sensor cell, 0-10 ppm
6 313 738	OLCT 20i AsH₃ sensor cell, 0-1 ppm
6 313 747	OLCT 20i SiH₄ sensor cell, 0-50 ppm

# 7 Accessories

Accessory	Use	Illustration	Code
Tool kit	Tool kit for maintenance.		6147869
Gas injection pipe	Inject the calibration gas onto the measurement sensor. Impact on reading: measurement similar to measurement in diffusion mode. Impact on response time: none.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6331141 ⚠ Plastic material. Risk of electrostatic charges. Wipe with a damp cloth
Gas flow head	Used to take bypass readings. Impact on reading: none if calibration is performed under the same conditions (pipe, flow rate). Impact on response time: none.		6327910  ⚠ Plastic material.  Risk of electrostatic charges. Wipe with a damp cloth
Splash guard	Protects the detector from liquids. Impact on reading: none. Impact on response time: response time in diffusion mode may increase for certain gases; contact us for more information.		6329004  A Plastic material.  Risk of electrostatic charges. Wipe with a damp cloth
Splash guard in Stainless Steel	Protects the detector from liquids. Impact on reading: none. Impact on response time: response time in diffusion mode may increase for certain gases; contact us for more information.		6129010
Splash guard (high risk)	Protects the detector from liquids. Impact on reading: none. Impact on response time: response time may increase for certain gases; contact us for more information.		6329014  ⚠ Plastic material. Risk of electrostatic charges. Wipe with a damp cloth

#### **OLCT 20**

GAS DETECTOR USER MANUAL

Accessory	Use	Illustration	Code
Remote gas injection head	Used to detect ambient gases while a calibration gas injection pipe is being used. Only for combustible gases, Impact on reading: none. Impact on response time: negligible.		6327911  ⚠ Plastic material.  Risk of electrostatic charges. Wipe with a damp cloth
Removable PTFE protection filter	Protects the gas inlet from liquids and dust.  Impact on reading: none, but this part cannot be used for the detection of O <sub>3</sub> , HCL, HF and Cl <sub>2</sub> .  Impact on response time: response time may increase for certain gases; contact us for more information.		6335975  ⚠ Plastic material.  Risk of electrostatic charges. Wipe with a damp cloth



# 8 Technical Specifications

#### 8.1 Common

Ingress Protection IP66
Weight 800 g

Dimensions 60 X 120 mm

Source mode current 4-20 mA

Max. current 25 mA

Fault current <1 mA

#### 8.2 OLC 20d

Power supply: voltage on detector terminals = 2.8 V max

Power consumption: 3-wire version = 400 mA max

Measurement signal: Wheatstone bridge

Line length (shielded cable): 3-wire version = 1 km with 3x1.5 mm2 (32 ohms in loop mode)

Output signal mV bridge output, 3 wires

## 8.3 OLCT 20d

Power supply: voltage on detector terminals = 15 Vdc to 30 Vdc

Power consumption: 3-wire version = 100 mA

2-wire version = 25 mA

Load resistance: maximum resistance = 250 ohms

Line length (shielded cable): 3-wire version = 1 km as 3x 1.5 mm2 (32 ohms in loop mode)

2-wire version = 4 km as  $3 \times 1.5 \text{ mm2}$  (32 ohms in loop mode)

#### 8.4 OLCT 20i

Zener barrier: 28 Vdc max - 300 ohms

Supply voltage for barrier: 19 Vdc to 26 Vdc Voltage on detector terminals: 10 Vdc to 26 Vdc

Power consumption: 25 mA max Load resistance: 47 ohms

Line length (shielded cable): 1 km as 3x 1.5 mm2 (32 ohms in loop mode)



# 8.5 Sensors

	Gas type	Measure- ment range (nom)	Explosion- proof sensor	Intrinsically- safe sensor	Temp. range (°C)	% RH	Accuracy (ppm)	Average service life	Resp. time T50/T90 (s)	Storage conditions and time
Combustible gases	Catalytic	0-100% LEL			-20 to +55	0-95	+/-1% LEL (from 0-70% LEL)	40	6/15 (CH4)	(b)
AsH <sub>3</sub>	Arsine	1.00			-20 to +40	20 - 90	+/- 0.05	18	30/120	(a)
Cl <sub>2</sub>	Chlorine	10.0			-20 to +40	10 - 90	+/- 0.4	24	10/60	(a)
ClO <sub>2</sub>	Chlorine dioxide	3.00		•	-20 to +40	10 - 90	+/- 0.3	24	20/120	(a)
СО	Carbon monoxide	100 300 1000	-	-	-20 to +50	15 - 90	+/- 3 (0-100 range)	40	15/40	(a)
CO <sub>2</sub>	Carbon dioxide	0-5% vol.	•		-25 to +55	0 - 95	+/- 3%	48	11/30	(a)
COCl <sub>2</sub>	Phosgene	1.00			-20 to +40	15 - 90	+/- 0.05	12	60/180	(c)
ETO	Ethylene oxide	30.0			-20 to +50	15 - 90	+/- 1.0	36	50/240	(a)
H <sub>2</sub>	Hydrogen	2000			-20 to +50	15 - 90	+/- 5%	24	30/50	(a)
H <sub>2</sub> S	Hydrogen sulfide	30.0 100 1000	•		-20 to +50	15 - 90	+/- 1.5 (0-30 range)	36	15/30	(a)
HCI	Hydrogen chloride	30.0 100		•	-20 to +40	15-95	+/- 0.4 (0-30 range)	24	30/150	(a)
HCN	Hydrogen cyanide	10.0 30.0		•	-20 to +40	15-95	+/- 0.3 (0-10 range)	18	30/120	(c)
HF	Hydrogen fluoride	10.0		•	-10 to +30	20 - 80	+/- 5%	12	40/90	(c)
NH₃	Ammonia	100 1000 5000			-20 to +40	15 - 90	+/- 5 +/- 20 +/- 150 or 10%	24	25/70 20/60 60/180	(a)
NO	Nitric oxide	100 300 1000		:	-20 to +50	15 - 90	+/- 2 (0-100 range)	36	10/30	(a)
NO <sub>2</sub>	Nitrogen dioxide	10.0 30.0			-20 to +50	15-90	+/-0.8	24	30/60	(a)
O <sub>2</sub>	Oxygen	0-30% vol.	•	•	-20 to +50	15 - 90	0.4% vol. (from 15-22% O2) +/-2%	28 60	6/15 15/25	(a)
O <sub>3</sub>	Ozone	1.00		•	0 to +40	10 - 90	+/- 0.03 (from 0-0.2 ppm) +/- 0.05 (from 0.2-1 ppm)	18	40/120	(c)
PH <sub>3</sub>	Phosphine	1.00			-20 to +40	20 - 90	+/- 0.05	18	30/120	(a)
SiH₄	Silane	50.0			-20 to +40	20 - 95	+/- 1.0	18	25/120	(a)
SO <sub>2</sub>	Sulfur dioxide	10.0 30.0 100		:	-20 to +50	15 - 90	+/- 0.7 (0-10 range)	36	15/45	(a)
CH₃Cl	Chloro- methane	500			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	Dichloro- methane	500	•		-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R12		1% vol.			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R22		2000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R123		2000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
FX56		2000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R134a		2000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R11		1% vol.			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R23		1% vol.			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R143a		2000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R404a		2000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R507		2000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R410a		1000	-		-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R32		1000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Freon R407c		1000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)

Gas type	Measure- ment range	Explosion- proof sensor	Intrinsically- safe sensor	Temp. range (°C)	% RH	Accuracy (ppm)	Average service life	Resp. time T50/T90 (s)	Storage conditions and time
Freon R408a	1000			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/90	(d)
Ethanol	500			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/60	(d)
Toluene	500			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/60	(d)
Isopropanol	500			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/60	(d)
2-butanone (MEK)	500	•		-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/60	(d)
Xylene	500			-20 to +55	20 - 95	+/- 15% (from 20-70% PE)	40	25/60	(d)

(a) +4°C to +20°C 20% to 60% RH 1 bar ± 10%

6 months maximum

(b) -25°C to +60°C 20% to 60% RH 1 bar ± 10%

6 months maximum

(c) +4°C to +20°C 20% to 60% RH 1 bar ± 10%

1 bar ± 10% 3 months maximum (d) -20°C to +50°C 20% to 60% RH 1 bar ± 10%

6 months maximum

# 8.6 Cross gas factors for combustible gases

It is recommended that the detector is calibrated using the gas to be measured. Users wishing to calibrate the detector using a gas other that detected and factory-programmed should refer to the following table, and use the recommended gas and corresponding coefficient.

# 8.6.1 Poison resistant catalytic sensor, type 4F

Gas	Methane	Pentane	Hydrogen
Acetone	2.24	1.03	
Acetylene	1.91		
Ammonia	0.79	0.36	
Benzene	2.45	1.13	
n-Butane	2.16	0.99	
Ethane	1.47	0.78	
Ethanol	1.37	0.63	
Ethylene	1.41	0.65	
n-Hexane	2.85	1.14	
Hydrogen			1.0
Isopropanol	1.84	0.85	
JP-4	3.28	1.51	
JP-5	3.33	1.53	
JP-8	3.48	1.6	
Methane	1.0		
Methanol	1.27	0.58	
n-Pentane	2.17	1.0	
Propane	1.9	0.87	
Styrene	2.13	0.98	
Toluene	2.26	1.04	
Xylene	2.8	1.29	

# 8.6.2 Poison resistant catalytic sensor, type VQ1

Confliction		, , , , , ,								
Effiy  acetate	Gas				point		Calibration gas	Calibration gas H2	Calibration gas C4H10	Calibration gas C5H12
Acetylene	Ethyl acetate	C4H8O2	2.10	11.50	-4	3.0	1.65		0.90	
Acrylic acid   C3H4O2   2.40   8.00   54   2.5   5.00   2.65   2.40	Acetone	C3H6O	2.15	13.00	-18	2.1	1.65		0.90	0.80
Butyl acrylate   C7H12O2   1.20   8.00   37   4.4   3.50   1.85   1.70	Acetylene	C2H2	2.30	100	-18	0.9	2.35	1.90	1.25	1.15
Ethyl crylate   C5H8C2   1.70   13.00   -2   3.5   3.05   1.65   1.50	Acrylic acid	C3H4O2	2.40	8.00	54	2.5	5.00		2.65	2.40
Acrylonifirile         C3H3N         2.80         28.00         -1         1.8         1.45         1.20         0.80         0.70           Ammonioc         NH3         15.00         30.20         <-100         0.6         0.90         0.75         0.50         0.45           Benzene         C6H6         1.20         8.00         -11         2.7         4.00         2.15         1.90           1.3-Butadiene         C4H6         1.40         16.30         -85         1.9         2.55         1.35         1.25           Butanol (Buty) Alcool)         C4H100         1.4         11.3         29         2.6         1.95         1.05         0.95           Butanol (Buty) Alcool)         C4H8O         1.80         11.50         -4         2.5         3.90         2.10         1.90           Butanol (MEK)         C4H8O         1.80         11.50         -4         2.5         3.90         2.10         1.90           Cyclohexane         C6H12         1.20         8.30         -17         2.9         2.00         1.10         1.00           Dimethylether         C2H6O         3.00         27.00         -41         1.6         1.80         0.95	Butyl acrylate	C7H12O2	1.20	8.00	37	4.4	3.50		1.85	1.70
Ammonioc         NH3         1500         30.20         <-100         0.6         0.90         0.75         0.50         0.45           Benzene         C6H6         1.20         8.00         -11         2.7         4.00         2.15         1.90           1.3-Butacliene         C4H6         1.40         16.30         -85         1.9         2.55         1.35         1.25           Butanol (Butyl Alcool)         C4H100         1.4         11.3         29         2.6         1.95         1.05         0.95           Butanol (Butyl Alcool)         C4H100         1.4         11.3         29         2.6         1.95         1.05         0.95           Butanol (MEK)         C4H80         1.80         11.50         -4         2.5         3.90         2.10         1.90           Cyclohexane         C6H12         1.20         8.30         -17         2.9         2.00         1.10         1.00           Dimethylether         C2H60         3.00         27.00         -41         1.6         1.80         0.95         0.90           Dadecane         C12H26         0.60         -6.0         74         5.9         4.00         2.15         1.15	Ethyl acrylate	C5H8O2	1.70	13.00	-2	3.5	3.05		1.65	1.50
Benzene   C6H6   1.20   8.00   -11   2.7   4.00   2.15   1.90	Acrylonitrile	C3H3N	2.80	28.00	-1	1.8	1.45	1.20	0.80	0.70
1.3-	Ammoniac	NH3	15.00	30.20	<-100	0.6	0.90	0.75	0.50	0.45
Butodiene         C4H6         1.40         16.30         -85         1.9         2.55         1.33         1.25           Butone         C4H10         1.50         8.50         -60         2.0         1.90         1.00         0.90           Butanol (Butyl Alcool)         C4H10O         1.4         11.3         2.9         2.6         1.95         1.05         0.95           2 - Butanone (MEK)         C4H8O         1.80         11.50         -4         2.5         3.90         2.10         1.90           Cyclohexane         C6H12         1.20         8.30         -17         2.9         2.00         1.10         1.00           Dimethylether         C2H6O         3.00         27.00         -41         1.6         1.80         0.95         0.90           Dodecane         C12H26         0.60         ~6.0         74         5.9         4.00         2.15         1.90           Ehcane         C2H6         3.00         15.50         135         1.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Ehhare         (C2H6)20         1.70         36.00         -45         2.6         1.90         1.00         0.90           Ether	Benzene	C6H6	1.20	8.00	-11	2.7	4.00		2.15	1.90
Butanol   (Buryl Alcool)   C4H10O   1.4   11.3   29   2.6   1.95   1.05   0.95		C4H6	1.40	16.30	-85	1.9	2.55		1.35	1.25
(Butyl Alcool)         C4H10O         1.4         11.3         29         2.6         1.95         1.05         0.95           2 - Butonone (MEK)         C4H8O         1.80         11.50         -4         2.5         3.90         2.10         1.90           Cyclohexane         C6H12         1.20         8.30         -17         2.9         2.00         1.10         1.00           Dimethylether         C2H6O         3.00         27.00         -41         1.6         1.80         0.95         0.90           Dodecone         C12H26         0.60         ~6.0         74         5.9         4.00         2.15         1.90           Ehane         C2H6         3.00         15.50         135         1.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Ehner         C2H6O         3.30         19.00         13         1.6         2.15         1.75         1.15         1.05           Ether         (Diethylether)         (C2H5)2O         1.70         36.00         -45         2.6         1.90         1.00         0.90           Ethylene         C2H4         2.70         34.00         -135         1.0         1.65         1.35         0.90	Butane	C4H10	1.50	8.50	-60	2.0	1.90		1.00	0.90
(MEK)         C4H8O         1.80         11.50         -4         2.5         3.90         2.10         1.90           Cyclohexane         C6H12         1.20         8.30         -17         2.9         2.00         1.10         1.00           Dimethylether         C2H6O         3.00         27.00         -41         1.6         1.80         0.95         0.90           Dodecane         C12H26         0.60         ~6.0         74         5.9         4.00         2.15         1.90           Ehane         C2H6         3.00         15.50         135         1.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Ehane         C2H6O         3.30         19.00         13         1.6         2.15         1.75         1.15         1.05           Ether (Diethylether)         (C2H5)2O         1.70         36.00         -45         2.6         1.90         1.00         0.90           Ethylene         C2H4         2.70         34.00         -135         1.0         1.65         1.35         0.90         0.80           IPG         Propribut         1.65         ~9.0         <-50         1.9         1.90         1.00         0.90		C4H10O	1.4	11.3	29	2.6	1.95		1.05	0.95
Dimethylether   C2H6O   3.00   27.00   -41   1.6   1.80   0.95   0.90		C4H8O	1.80	11.50	-4	2.5	3.90		2.10	1.90
Dodecane         C12H26         0.60         ~6.0         74         5.9         4.00         2.15         1.90           Effane         C2H6         3.00         15.50         135         1.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Ethanol         C2H6O         3.30         19.00         13         1.6         2.15         1.75         1.15         1.05           Ether (Diethylether)         (C2H5)2O         1.70         36.00         -45         2.6         1.90         1.00         0.90           Ethylene         C2H4         2.70         34.00         -135         1.0         1.65         1.35         0.90         0.80           IPG         Prop+But         1.65         ~9.0         <-50	Cyclohexane	C6H12	1.20	8.30	-1 <i>7</i>	2.9	2.00		1.10	1.00
Ethane         C2H6         3.00         15.50         135         1.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Ethanol         C2H6O         3.30         19.00         13         1.6         2.15         1.75         1.15         1.05           Ether (Diethylether)         (C2H5)2O         1.70         36.00         -45         2.6         1.90         1.00         0.90           Ethylene         C2H4         2.70         34.00         -135         1.0         1.65         1.35         0.90         0.80           LPG         Prop+But         1.65         -9.0         <-50	Dimethylether	C2H6O	3.00	27.00	-41	1.6	1.80		0.95	0.90
Ethanol         C2H6O         3.30         19.00         13         1.6         2.15         1.75         1.15         1.05           Ether (Diethylether)         (C2H5)2O         1.70         36.00         -45         2.6         1.90         1.00         0.90           Ethylene         C2H4         2.70         34.00         -135         1.0         1.65         1.35         0.90         0.80           LPG         Prop+But         1.65         ~9.0         <-50	Dodecane	C12H26	0.60	~6.0	74	5.9	4.00		2.15	1.90
Ether (Diethylether)         (C2H5)2O         1.70         36.00         -45         2.6         1.90         1.00         0.90           Ethylene         C2H4         2.70         34.00         -135         1.0         1.65         1.35         0.90         0.80           LPG         Prop+But         1.65         ~9.0         <-50	Ethane	C2H6	3.00	15.50	135	1.0	1.50		0.80	0.75
C2H5 2O   1.70   36.00   -45   2.6   1.90   1.00   0.90	Ethanol	C2H6O	3.30	19.00	13	1.6	2.15	1.75	1.15	1.05
LPG         Prop+But         1.65         ~9.0         <-50         1.9         1.90         1.00         0.90           Diesel         Melange         0.60         ~6.0         55         >4         3.20         1.70         1.55           Natural Gas         CH4         5.00         15.00         -188         0.6         1.05           HFO-1234yf         6.2         12.3         1.35         0.75           Heptane         C7H16         1.10         6.70         -4         3.5         2.20         1.20         1.05           Hexane         C6H14         1.20         7.40         -23         3.0         2.10         1.15         1.00           Hydrogen         H2         4.00         75.60         -         0.069         1.00           Isobutane         C4H10         1.50         8.40         -83         2.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Isopropanol         C3H8O         2.15         13.50         11.7         2.1         1.60         0.85         0.80           Kerosene (JP4)         C10 - C16         0.70         5.00         > 50         > 4         5.00         2.65         2.40 <td></td> <td>(C2H5)2O</td> <td>1.70</td> <td>36.00</td> <td>-45</td> <td>2.6</td> <td>1.90</td> <td></td> <td>1.00</td> <td>0.90</td>		(C2H5)2O	1.70	36.00	-45	2.6	1.90		1.00	0.90
Diesel         Melange         0.60         ~6.0         55         >4         3.20         1.70         1.55           Natural Gas         CH4         5.00         15.00         -188         0.6         1.05           HFO-1234yf         6.2         12.3         1.35         0.75           Heptone         C7H16         1.10         6.70         -4         3.5         2.20         1.20         1.05           Hexane         C6H14         1.20         7.40         -23         3.0         2.10         1.15         1.00           Hydrogen         H2         4.00         75.60         -         0.069         1.00           Isobutane         C4H10         1.50         8.40         -83         2.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Isopropanol         C3H8O         2.15         13.50         11.7         2.1         1.60         0.85         0.80           Kerosene (JP4)         C10 - C16         0.70         5.00         > 50         > 4         5.00         2.65         2.40	Ethylene	C2H4	2.70	34.00	- 135	1.0	1.65	1.35	0.90	0.80
Natural Gas CH4 5.00 15.00 -188 0.6 1.05  HFO-1234yf 6.2 12.3 1.35 0.75  Heptane C7H16 1.10 6.70 -4 3.5 2.20 1.20 1.05  Hexane C6H14 1.20 7.40 -23 3.0 2.10 1.15 1.00  Hydrogen H2 4.00 75.60 - 0.069 1.00  Isobutane C4H10 1.50 8.40 -83 2.0 1.50 0.80 0.75  Isobutene C4H8 1.60 10.00 <-10 1.9 2.20 1.20 1.05  Isopropanol C3H8O 2.15 13.50 11.7 2.1 1.60 0.85 0.80  Kerosene (JP4) C10 - C16 0.70 5.00 > 50 > 4 5.00 2.65 2.40	LPG	Prop+But	1.65	~9.0	<-50	1.9	1.90		1.00	0.90
HFO-1234yf         6.2         12.3         1.35         0.75           Heptane         C7H16         1.10         6.70         -4         3.5         2.20         1.20         1.05           Hexane         C6H14         1.20         7.40         -23         3.0         2.10         1.15         1.00           Hydrogen         H2         4.00         75.60         -         0.069         1.00           Isobutane         C4H10         1.50         8.40         -83         2.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Isobutene         C4H8         1.60         10.00         <-10	Diesel	Melange	0.60	~6.0	55	>4	3.20		1.70	1.55
Heptane         C7H16         1.10         6.70         -4         3.5         2.20         1.20         1.05           Hexane         C6H14         1.20         7.40         -23         3.0         2.10         1.15         1.00           Hydrogen         H2         4.00         75.60         -         0.069         1.00           Isobutane         C4H10         1.50         8.40         -83         2.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Isobutane         C4H8         1.60         10.00         <-10	Natural Gas	CH4	5.00	15.00	-188	0.6	1.05			
Hexane         C6H14         1.20         7.40         -23         3.0         2.10         1.15         1.00           Hydrogen         H2         4.00         75.60         -         0.069         1.00           Isobutane         C4H10         1.50         8.40         -83         2.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Isobutane         C4H8         1.60         10.00         <-10	HFO-1234yf		6.2	12.3			1.35		0.75	
Hydrogen         H2         4.00         75.60         -         0.069         1.00           Isobutane         C4H10         1.50         8.40         -83         2.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Isobutene         C4H8         1.60         10.00         <-10	Heptane	C7H16	1.10	6.70	-4	3.5	2.20		1.20	1.05
Isobutane         C4H10         1.50         8.40         -83         2.0         1.50         0.80         0.75           Isobutene         C4H8         1.60         10.00         <-10	Hexane	C6H14	1.20	7.40	-23	3.0	2.10		1.15	1.00
Isobutene         C4H8         1.60         10.00         <-10         1.9         2.20         1.20         1.05           Isopropanol         C3H8O         2.15         13.50         11.7         2.1         1.60         0.85         0.80           Kerosene (JP4)         C10 - C16         0.70         5.00         > 50         > 4         5.00         2.65         2.40	Hydrogen	H2	4.00	75.60	-	0.069		1.00		
Isopropanol         C3H8O         2.15         13.50         11.7         2.1         1.60         0.85         0.80           Kerosene (JP4)         C10 - C16         0.70         5.00         > 50         > 4         5.00         2.65         2.40	Isobutane	C4H10	1.50	8.40	-83	2.0	1.50		0.80	0.75
Kerosene (JP4) C10 - C16 0.70 5.00 > 50 > 4 5.00 2.65 2.40	Isobutene	C4H8	1.60	10.00	<-10	1.9	2.20		1.20	1.05
(JP4) C10 - C16 0.70 5.00 > 50 > 4 5.00 2.65 2.40	Isopropanol	C3H8O	2.15	13.50	11.7	2.1	1.60		0.85	0.80
Methyl C5H8O2 2.10 12.50 2 3.5 2.25 1.20 1.10		C10 - C16	0.70	5.00	> 50	> 4	5.00		2.65	2.40
	Methyl	C5H8O2	2.10	12.50	2	3.5	2.25		1.20	1.10

Gas	Chemical Formula	LEL (%)	LSE (%)	Flash point (°C)	Vapor density	Coefficient- Calibration gas CH4 (methane)	Coefficient- Calibration gas H2 (Hydrogen)	Coefficient - Calibration gas C4H10 (Butane)	Coefficient - Calibration gas C5H12 (Pentane)
Methacrylate									
Methane	CH4	5.00	15.00	-188	0.55	1.00			
Methanol	СНЗОН	5.50	44.00	11	1.1	1.40	1.15	0.75	0.70
Naphta	melange (Mixture)	0.90	5.90	> 44	> 4	3.50		1.85	1.70
Nonane	C9H20	0.70	5.60	31	4.4	4.40		2.35	2.10
Octane	C8H18	1.00	6.00	12	3.9	2.70		1.45	1.30
Ethylene Oxyde	C2H4O	2.60	100	-20	1.5	2.10	1.70	1.15	1.00
Propylene oxide	C3H6O	1.90	37.00	70	2.0	2.35	1.90	1.25	1.15
Pentane	C5H12	1.40	8.00	-49	2.5	2.10		1.15	1.00
Propane	C3H8	2.00	9.5	-104	1.6	1.55		0.85	0.75
Propylene	C3H6	2.00	11.70	-107.8	1.5	1.65		0.90	0.80
Styrene	C8H8	1.1	8.00	31	3.6	6.30		3.35	3.00
Gasoline lead free	/	1.10	~6.0	21	3 à 4	1.80		0.95	0.90
Toluene	C7H8	1.20	7	5	3.1	4.00		2.15	1.90
Turpentine Oil	-	0.8	6.0	35	4.7	3.50		1.85	1.70
Triethyl amine	C6H15N	1.20	8	-15	3.5	2.05		1.10	1.00
White Spirit	melange (Mixture)	1.10	6.50	>30	> 4	3.50		1.85	1.70
Xylene	C8H10	1.00	7.60	25	3.7	4.00		2.15	1.90

Items in gray: recommended gas for calibrating the detector.

#### Example

Calibration of an "acetone" detector using a calibration gas with 1% butane Value to be displayed:

 $\frac{1\%}{1.5\%}$  (injected butane) x 100 x 0.90 (butane/acetone coefficient) = 60% LEL  $\frac{1.5\%}{1.5\%}$  (butane LEL)

#### Note:

- LELs vary according to the source.
- Coefficients are accurate to ± 15%.



# **EU Declaration of Conformity**



#### **DECLARATION UE DE** CONFORMITÉ

**EU CONFORMITY DECLARATION** 

Réf: UE\_OLCT20\_rev D.1.doc

Nous, We.

Teledyne Oldham Simtronics S.A.S., ZI Est, 62000 Arras France



Déclarons, sous notre seule responsabilité, que le matériel suivant : Declare, under our sole responsibility that the following equipment:

#### <u>Détecteurs de gaz OLC 20 et OLCT 20</u> Gas detectors OLC 20 and OLCT 20



Est conçu et fabriqué en conformité avec les Directives et normes applicables suivantes : Is designed and manufactured in compliance with the following applicable Directives and standards:

#### I) Directive Européenne ATEX 2014/34/UE du 26/02/14 : Atmosphères Explosives

European Directive ATEX 2014/34/UE dated from 26/02/14: Explosive Atmospheres

Normes harmonisées appliquées (règles de construction) Harmonised applied Standards (rules of construction)

EN 60079-0: 2018 EN 60079-1:2014 EN 60079-11:2012 EN 60079-31:2014

Attestation UE de Type du matériel EU type examination certificate

INERIS 01ATEX0004X

Marquage (marking)

OLC20d ou (or) OLCT20d

Ex II 2 G D Ex db IIC T6 Gb Ex tb IIIC T85°C Db T.Amb: -20°C to 70°C

OLC20d HT

⟨Ex⟩ II 2 G D Ex tb IIIC T\* Db

(\*) T4 for T<sub>amb</sub> up to 110°C, T3 for T<sub>amb</sub> up to 180°C, T2 for T<sub>amb</sub> up to 200°C

OLCT20i

Œx ∏1GD Ex ia IIC T4 Ga Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da T. Amb: -20°C to 70°C (€x) I M1 Ex ia I Ma T. Amb: -20°C to 70°C

Notification Assurance Qualité de Production

Notification of the Production QA

**INERIS 00 ATEX Q403** 

Délivré par l'Organisme Notifié numéro 0080

INERIS, Parc Alata

Issue by Notified Body No. 0080

60550 Verneuil-en-Halatte, France

Page 1 | 2



#### **DECLARATION UE DE** CONFORMITÉ

#### **EU CONFORMITY DECLARATION**

Réf: UE\_OLCT20\_rev D.1.doc

#### II) Directive Européenne CEM 2014/30/UE du 26/02/14: Compatibilité Electromagnétique

The European Directive EMC 2014/30/UE dated from 26/02/2014: Electromagnetic compatibility

Normes harmonisées appliquées (Harmonised applied Standards)

EN 50270:2015 (type 2)

#### Sécurité de fonctionnement (Functional Safety)

Normes appliquées Applied Standards EN 50402

L'analyse de fiabilité, objet du rapport INERIS n° CGR 74448 du 06 juillet 2006 a permis de déterminer le taux de défaillances dangereuses non détectées pour les OLC 20 et OLCT 20 pour gaz combustibles (hors version HT) : The reliability analysis, based on INERIS report n° CGR 74448 of 06 July 2006 has determined that the dangerous failure rate for OLC 20 and OLCT 20 (except HT versions) for combustible gases is:

 $\lambda_{du} = 4.42 \ 10^{-2} \ par \ an \ (per \ year)$ 

Les détecteurs de gaz explosibles et d'oxygène type OLC 20 et OLCT 20 ont un niveau : OLC 20 and OLCT 20 combustible and oxygen gas detectors are:

SIL 2 avec un intervalle de maintenance (Ti) de 3 mois au plus,

 $PFD_{avg} = 0,55.10^{-2}$ 

SIL 2 compliant with a maintenance interval no greater than 3 months

SIL 1 avec un intervalle de maintenance (Ti) de 6 mois au plus,

 $PFD_{avg} = 1,1.10^{-2}$ 

SIL 1 compliant with a maintenance interval no greater than 6 months

Note: Les taux de défaillances calculés ne sont valables que durant la durée de vie réelle des éléments sensibles (intervalle de temps limité, de l'ordre de 3 à 5 ans). Au-delà, de par le vieillissement des cellules de mesure, le taux n'est plus significatif. La norme EN50402 assume pour les modules simples comme les capteurs OLC 20 et OLCT20, une proportion effective de défaillance en sécurité (SFF) comprise entre 60 % et 90 %.

Note: The calculated failure rates are only valid on the real lifetime of the sensitive elements (limited time, about 3 to 5 years). Beyond that, due to ageing of the measuring cells, the rate is not significant any more. The EN50402 standard assumes for the simple modules like OLC 20 and OLCT20 detectors, an effective Safety Failure Fraction (SFF) between 60% and 90%.



Ce matériel ne doit être utilisé qu'à ce pour quoi il a été conçu et doit être installé en conformité avec les règles applicables et suivant les recommandations du fabricant.

This equipment shall be used for the purpose for which it has been designed and be installed in accordance with relevant standards and with manufacturer's recommendations.

A Arras, le 26/05/2021 / Arras, May 26th, 2021

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AM. Dassonville Certification Responsible

Page 2 | 2



# 10 Special instructions for use in explosive atmospheres and fonctional safety

#### 10.1 General comments

OLCT 20 gas detectors comply with the requirements of ATEX 2014/34/UE European Directive relating to explosive Dust and Gas atmospheres.

The information given in the following sections should be respected and taken into account by the manager of the site where the equipment is installed. With respect to requirements for improving the safety and health protection of workers potentially at risk from explosive atmospheres, please refer to ATEX 1999/92/CE European Directive.

## 10.2 Warnings

Do not open when energized. After de-energizing, delay 2 minutes before opening. Read instructions notice (cable glands).

## 10.3 Requirements for use in dust explosive atmospheres

For the equipment installed in dust explosive atmosphere, user shall ensure a sufficient cleaning to prevent dust accumulation on the device. The maximum permissible thickness of a dust layer must be less than 5 mm.

## 10.4 Cable entries

Cable glands and other wiring accessories (plugs, adaptors, etc.) shall be "db" certified for use in gas explosive atmospheres and "tb" for use in dust explosive atmospheres. They must be at least IP66 and of M20x1.5 6g or M25x1.5 6g types in accordance with ISO965-1 and ISO965-3 standards. Minimum depth of engagement must be 5 threads and installation must be done in accordance with current version of EN 60079-14 and eventually with any local or national additional requirements that may apply in the country of installation.

The cables should be suitable for use at a temperature equal to or greater than 80°C.



# 10.5 Threaded joints

Threaded joints have different values than those specified in EN60079-1 standard. TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS does not allow the repair of the threaded joints and shall not be held responsible for any damage to the equipment or for any physical injury or death resulting from any product modification.

The threaded joints on the *OLCT 20* may be lubricated to ensure protection against explosions. Only non-hardening lubricants or non-corrosive agents without volatile solvents may be used. Warning: silicone-based lubricants are strictly prohibited since they contaminate some of the gas sensing elements used in the *OLCT 20*.

#### 10.6 Limitations of use

Gas detection cells have certain limitations that shall be known and understood by the user.

## 10.7 Overange and exposition to specific components

- A bump test and/or a calibration is recommended each time the detector has been exposed to high gas concentration and moreover if the detector went to overange condition.
- Vapors from silicone or sulfur compounds can affect the catalytic sensor and thereby distort the measurements. If the sensors have been exposed to these types of compounds, an inspection or calibration must be performed.
- High concentration of organic solvents (e.g. alcohols, aromatic solvents, etc.) or exposure
  to gas concentration above the measuring range can damage electrochemical sensors. If
  sensors have been exposed to such condition, a bump test or calibration must be then
  performed.
- In the event of high levels of Carbon Dioxide (CO2 > 1% vol.), electrochemical Oxygen (O2) sensors can slightly overestimate the actual concentration of oxygen by 0.1 to 0.5% volume.

# 10.8 Operation under low oxygen levels

- If an electrochemical detector sensor is used in an atmosphere comprising less than 1% oxygen for over one hour, the measurement may be an underestimate.
- If a thermocatalytic detector sensor is used in an atmosphere comprising less than 10% oxygen, the measurement may be an underestimate.
- If a semiconductor detector sensor is used in an atmosphere comprising less than 18% oxygen, the measurement may be an underestimate.

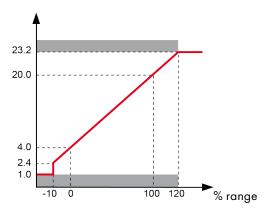


**USER MANUAL** 

#### Installation and calibration 10.9

- The detector will be installed with the sensor cell pointing downwards
- The detector should be calibrated with the gas to be measured. With respect to combustible gases only, and in the event it is impossible to calibrate with the targeted gas, see tables on pages 22 and further for recommended calibration gas and cross gas interference.
- Transfer curve for OLCT20 gas detectors

The curve below gives the transmitter output current as a function of gas concentration. In the event that the user connects the transmitter to a non-TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS central controller, the user must ensure that the transfer curve is compatible with the equipment's input characteristics to correctly interpret the data coming in from the transmitter. Similarly, the central controller must provide sufficient voltage to compensate for any voltage drop caused by the cable.



# 10.10 Marking

## Safety relevant parameters:

#### OLC 20d and OLC 20d HT

Maximum supply voltage: 2,8 Vdc Maximum supply current: 400 mA

Maximum power: 0,8 W

#### OLCT 20d

Maximum input voltage: 30 Vdc Maximum input current: 100 mA

#### OLCT 20i

Ui (V)	li (mA)	Pi (mW)	Ci (nF)	Li (µH)
28	94	658	46	15



#### **OLCT 20**

**GAS DETECTOR USER MANUAL** 

#### OLC 20d detector

TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS SAS

62027, ARRAS France

OLC20d

CE0080

INERIS 01ATEX0004X



Ex db IIC T6 Gb

Ex tb IIIC T85°C Db

T.Amb: -20°C to 70°C

**WARNING:** Do not open when energized. Read user manual (cable entry).

#### OLC 20d HT detector

TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS SAS

62027, ARRAS France

OLC20d HT

CE0080

INERIS 01ATEX0004X



⟨Ex⟩ II 2 GD

Ex db IIC T\* Gb

Ex tb IIIC T\* Db

T.Amb: -20°C to T\* °C

(\*)T4 for  $T_{amb}$  up to +110°C, T3 for  $T_{amb}$  up to +180°C, T2 for  $T_{amb}$  up to 200°C

WARNING: Do not open when energized. Read user manual (cable glands).

#### OLCT 20d detector

TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS SAS

62027, ARRAS France

OLCT20d

CE0080

INERIS 01ATEX0004X



⟨Ex⟩ II 2 GD

Ex db IIC T6 Gb

Ex tb IIIC T85°C Db

T.Amb: -20°C to 70°C

**WARNING:** Do not open when energized. Read user manual (cable entry).



#### **OLCT 20i detector**

TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS SAS 62027, ARRAS France

OLCT20i

CE0080

INERIS 01ATEX0004X

€ II 1 GD

Ex ia IIC T4 Ga

Ex ia IIIC T135°C Da

 $T.Amb: -20^{\circ}C$  to  $70^{\circ}C$ 

WARNING: Read user manual (cable entry).

## OLCT 20i detector (for mine)

TELEDYNE OLDHAM SIMTRONICS SAS 62027, ARRAS France OLCT20i CE0080 INERIS 01ATEX0004X

€ I M1 Ex ia I Ma

T.Amb:  $-20^{\circ}$ C to  $70^{\circ}$ C

**WARNING:** Read user manual (cable entry).







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